

Comprehensive Study Launched

Japan Defense Plan Contrasts With Past

By James Foley

TOKYO, June 22 (Reuters) — For the first time since World War II, the Japanese armed forces have been ordered to prepare a comprehensive plan for defense of the country against foreign attack.

The Japan Defense Agency announced the project today. Ordered by the agency's director general, Shin Kanemaru, the undertaking provides a measure of the swing by public opinion away from its post-war aversion to the military.

China, Vietnam Argue Terms of Exit of Chinese

BANGKOK, June 22 (UPI) — The arrival of Chinese ships in Vietnam to pick up Chinese who want to leave Vietnam has been stalled as the two countries dispute the conditions of the departure.

In a Foreign Ministry communiqué, Vietnam charged that the Chinese were complicating the negotiations to prolong settlement of the problem. A Radio Hanoi broadcast, monitored here today, quoted a Foreign Ministry communiqué which said that Vietnam had rejected "illogical" Chinese proposals for the departure of the Chinese.

A key issue separating the two sides was just how long the Chinese ships would be allowed to stay in Vietnamese ports. Vietnam said that the stay should be limited to three days while China wanted the stay specified according to its needs, the ministry said.

The two sides also bogged down over who would actually authorize the departure. The Vietnamese said that they insisted normal exit procedures be followed, while the Chinese wanted the Vietnamese to issue exit visas according to Chinese Embassy certificates.

Congressmen 'Reassured' After White House Talks

(Continued from Page 1)

that... the policy of the United States has not changed."

Mr. Brzezinski, whose public statements supplied the cutting edge of the Cold War rhetoric that many congressmen found unsettling, played a distinctly secondary role Tuesday night.

Whereas Mr. Carter, Mr. Vance and Mr. Brown spoke at length on controversial issues such as arms talks with the Soviets, Africa policy and the East-West strategic balance, Mr. Brzezinski's remarks were limited to a review of his recent trip to Peking.

According to an authoritative presidential aide, Mr. Brzezinski and other foreign policy advisers have been reminded that they speak for the president when they discuss policy in public and have been ordered not to contradict him.

The result appeared to have been an unusually successful exercise in congressional fence-mending at a time when some difficult policy decisions must be made in Congress.

During the next few weeks the administration will try to persuade Congress to remove a legislatively imposed arms embargo on Turkey that is regarded as a serious threat to NATO. Also in the offing is an effort to get through the House a \$7.35-billion foreign aid appropriation.

Rep. Don Bonker, D-Wash., was the most outspoken of those who praised Mr. Vance and Mr. Carter, expressing his relief that Mr. Brzezinski was not the administration's leading spokesman. Commenting on the impact of the White House

session, he said: "Most of us were somewhat relieved and feel we have a better understanding and a little more confidence in the administration's foreign policy objectives. I got the impression the president is pulling in on the reins of Dr. Brzezinski. And that makes us feel much better."

Rep. Donald Fraser, D-Minn., noted his belief that "the president had bought a part of the Brzezinski view that the Soviet influence in Africa was sufficiently worrisome so that the U.S. had to take a sharp, tough position."

But he added: "I thought there was a reassuring degree of assurance that this will not spill over into other negotiating channels we are trying to keep open with the Soviets — SALT, mutual force reduction, and so on. I got a better perspective. I don't sense it's going to become a crusade."

Los Angeles Times

Harriman Optimistic on SALT

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., June 22 (UPI) — Averell Harriman, a veteran of U.S. negotiations with the Soviet Union, yesterday said that he is optimistic that the two superpowers are nearing a nuclear arms control agreement despite last-minute squabbles.

Mr. Harriman, speaking as a delegate to the UN General Assembly, said that Mr. Vance and Soviet Foreign Minister Andrei Gromyko could be expected to meet again in July to tackle the remaining obstacles to the second strategic arms limitation treaty.

Rev. King to Prague

BUDAPEST, June 22 (AP) — The Rev. Martin Luther King Sr. today ended a week's visit to Hungary at the invitation of the Evangelical Council of Hungarian Churches, and left to attend the Prague Christian Peace Conference.

Wide-ranging Scope

The plans to cover defense of straits off Japan used by the Soviet Pacific fleet to reach open seas from Siberian ports.

Given the wide-ranging scope of the project, redeployment of forces from their present locations or the building of new bases and other facilities could result.

At present, most of Japan's ground forces, composed of 134 divisions, are based in the northern island of Hokkaido, near the Soviet Union.

Under the U.S.-imposed postwar constitution, Japan renounced war as a sovereign right and agreed never to maintain land, sea or air forces. But the Korean War brought about a re-interpretation of the constitution, and the Defense Agency was established. It now has modern aircraft, tanks and ships, and about 235,000 personnel.

Until now, the staffs of the three armed services have made individual, unofficial studies of how they would react to external aggression. They were never ordered to make a joint plan because of public opinion, as expressed through opposition parties in parliament.

A Defense Agency spokesman said that uniformed and civilian staff would prepare the defense project over the next two years. They would draft detailed contingency plans to meet attacks against specific areas of the country.



GERMAN, SAUDI TALK — West German Chancellor Helmut Schmidt makes a point in Bonn Wednesday with Crown Prince Fahd of Saudi Arabia, who was on a brief official visit.

Awaiting a Specific Request

Jordan Hesitant on Palestinian State

By Christopher S. Wren

AMMAN, Jordan, June 22 (NYT) — Jordan, which has been proposed as a potential guarantor of the future of the Israeli-occupied West Bank of the Jordan River and the Gaza Strip, appears unwilling to take on the role unless it is specifically asked to do so by the million Palestinian Arabs in the territories.

The United States, Egypt and Israel have talked of possible "linkage" between Jordan and the occupied territories to forestall the emergence of a militant Palestinian state. But in interviews here, Jordanian officials seemed unenthusiastic about the prospect, finding it unrealistic for several reasons.

First, they said, there is no point in discussing a Jordanian role as long as Israel refuses to work out a transition to self-determination for the Palestinian population of the West Bank and the Gaza Strip. This view was confirmed by the answer that the Israeli Cabinet gave the Carter administration about its plans for the occupied regions.

Second, Jordan surrendered its claim to speak for the Palestinians at the Arab League summit meeting in Morocco in 1974. At that meeting, the Palestine Liberation Organization, which Israel refuses to recognize, was designated as the only legitimate representative of the Palestinian people.

Jordan acceded to this as a way of patching differences with other Arab countries over its suppression of the guerrillas in 1970 and driving them out of the country in 1971.

"Our position is very simple," King Hussein's foreign policy strategist, Sherif Abdel Hamid al-Sharaf, said. "We would like Israel

to withdraw and the Palestinians to decide their own future. If they want their own state, if they want to be federated or united with us, we are ready. But we are not ready to assert sovereignty unless they ask explicitly for it."

Jordan lost the West Bank to Israel during the war of 1967, when Egypt also lost the Gaza Strip, which it was administering, and the Sinai Peninsula. Neither Arab country insists upon reasserting sovereignty over the areas.

Instead, Egypt and Jordan have said that the territories should form the basis of a Palestinian homeland. Jordanian officials maintain that there is no domestic sympathy for political affiliation because of family ties between residents of the West Bank and Jordan proper.

A Jordanian official of Palestinian descent, who asked not to be identified, remarked: "In general, Jordanians feel there should be some links between the two banks in the event of creation of a Palestinian homeland. I feel confident that the West Bank and Gaza, in the long run, will be closely linked to the Kingdom of Jordan."

But the Jordanians are not eager to endorse the idea if there is no assurance that it will be accepted by the Israelis or by the Palestinians. Jordanian officials have complained that Israel previously contended that Jordan had no legitimate claim to the West Bank, though it has since suggested that the Jordanians could play a role in negotiating the region's future.

Last month, President Anwar Sadat of Egypt suggested that his country and Jordan could ease Israeli fears about its security by assuming a five-year transitional sovereignty over their formerly held areas until a Palestinian entity could be created.

Jordanian officials have been hesitant about supporting such a transition, with some, such as Mr. Sharaf, contending that it would best be done under international supervision.

Defining the duties of the West German government, the supreme court verdict said that the decision of the administrative court "violates no basic rights. A duty exists [for the German government] to protect its citizens against other persons. But what measures it [the government] must take in each individual case, lies to its own discretion. This it did not violate. It has taken numerous [abortive] steps to obtain the release of Hess."

Joergensen Visit Ends

MADRID, June 22 (AP) — Danish Premier Anker Joergensen today wound up a 3-day private visit to Spain with a tour of Madrid and the Prado museum. Mr. Joergensen, a social democrat, was the guest of the Spanish Socialist Workers Party.

Soviet Sentencing of Jews Provokes World Protest

LONDON, June 22 — The British government today condemned the sentences imposed yesterday on two Soviet Jews who protested refusal to let them emigrate to Israel, calling them a breach of the Helsinki agreement and other human rights documents.

Commenting on the five-year and four-year exile sentences issued to Vladimir Slepak and Ida Nudel in Moscow yesterday, a Foreign Office spokesman said these were "a further sharp reminder of the tragic situation of Jews and others seeking to leave the Soviet Union and the need for continuing and determined efforts to persuade the Soviet authorities to adopt more humane policies."

In Washington, Rep. Joshua Eilberg, D-Pa., said yesterday he is rejecting an invitation to visit the Soviet Union because of the sentencing.

Soviet officials extended an invitation to Rep. Eilberg and his wife last year. They were to be guests of the government for two weeks in late summer or early fall.

Rep. Eilberg, chairman of a House judiciary subcommittee on immigration, visited the U.S.S.R. in 1974.

Sister Calls for Action

In Jerusalem, Mr. Slepak's sister-in-law called for action "in all ways" to free him from his banishment from Moscow for his protests. Henrieta Orlovskaya has been fasting while Mr. Slepak stood trial in Moscow.

"For hanging a sign which said 'I want to go to Israel,' he got five years," said Mrs. Orlovskaya, stunned by the sentence. "I have never heard anything like it. Five months, 10 months maybe. But five years?"

Israel condemned the sentences as "a malicious corruption." Haim Landau, minister without portfolio, said the convictions indicated a wave of anti-Semitism in the Soviet Union.

In Paris, the Committee of 15, a human-rights group, announced that 40 members of the French Parliament had made an appeal to Leonid Brezhnev, chairman of the Soviet Communist Party, on behalf of Miss Nudel. The committee said it was shocked by the severe sentencing and called for a boycott of all products except foodstuffs from the Soviet Union.

OECD Employees Stage Demonstration

PARIS, June 22 (HTT) — OECD employees staged a demonstration today demanding benefits for male spouses who survive their wives working in the international organization. Four hundred men and women employees — about a quarter of the organization's work force — took part in the demonstration.

They said that survivor's benefits for men were paid by the United Nations, but three countries — Belgium, Britain and the Netherlands — were blocking acceptance of similar practice in OECD.

Top Bonn Court Rejects Suit To Help Hess

KARLSRUHE, June 22 (AP) — The West German supreme court rejected a complaint yesterday that the Bonn government has not done enough to secure the release of Hitler's former deputy leader, Rudolf Hess, from a Berlin war crimes prison.

"The decision by the administrative court does not violate any basic rights," the supreme court said in upholding a decision by a lower court in Cologne where Hess' son, Ruediger, had filed complaints, in an effort to force the Bonn government to do more to obtain his father's release.

Hess, who was sentenced to life imprisonment at the Nuremberg war crimes trials in 1946, is the last prisoner at Spandau, where the former Allied powers, the United States, Britain, France and the Soviet Union, take monthly turns at providing the guards. The Russians have rejected all calls to pardon Hess.

Truck Is Found In Art Theft

MARSEILLES, France, June 22 (AP) — A truck stolen with 13 impressionist paintings aboard worth \$3.5 million was found abandoned on the Nice-Marseilles highway today with only one of the canvases left, police said.

The remaining work was the least valuable and most cumbersome of the lot. The others, including two Sisleys and a Gauguin, had disappeared, presumably carried off by thieves who took the truck early yesterday while its driver stopped in a Marseilles cafe.

The shipment was just back from an official tour in the Far East. Police had speculated yesterday that the thieves were after the truck, and would abandon the paintings as too difficult to sell.

Laos Rebels Hit Hard By Combined Assault

BANGKOK, Thailand, June 22 (AP) — Lao and Vietnamese forces have killed several hundred rebellious Meo villagers in the last two days and forced 400 of them to flee their mountain stronghold to Laos for refugee camps in northern Thailand. Thai provincial officials said today.

The Meos told Thai officials that their stronghold in Phu Bia was destroyed by artillery and air attacks by a combined Lao and Vietnamese force.

It Will Get Searched Anyway, According to Travel Guide

Don't Bother to Lock Luggage in East Bloc, U.S. Says

WASHINGTON, June 22 (AP) — Americans traveling to Communist countries might as well leave their suitcases unlocked in their hotel rooms because official snoops probably will search them anyway, according to a pamphlet prepared by the U.S. government. Its other tips for travelers to Communist countries include:

• Tourists in Moscow should "think before taking photographs" and avoid pictures of slums. Russians are sensitive about their image.

• One Bible in a tote bag usually will make it past Soviet customs officials, but a tourist runs the risk of being arrested or expelled if he is carrying too many religious articles.

• Tourists can learn such ins and outs from pamphlets issued by the State Department's Passport Office. Government employees with

security clearances receive special vacation briefings.

"Anyone who leaves the United States and enters a foreign country becomes vulnerable to its rules and regulations, whether we know them or not," said Loren Lawrence, deputy assistant secretary of state for passport services. "That kind of vulnerability we try to neutralize by providing as much information as possible to the traveler," he said.

The four-page pamphlet on travel behind the Iron Curtain, available at passport offices and travel agencies, stresses that travelers should change dollars into rubles only at official exchange centers and should always keep the receipts.

Other helpful tips:

• Be prepared to pay customs duties on gifts for Soviet relatives.

• Don't bring in magazines with

Cubans Said to Resist Ethiopia Avoid Battling Eritrean Rebels

By Karen DeYoung

HAVANA, June 22 (WP) — Cuba is determined, on political and ideological grounds, to avoid direct military involvement in Ethiopia's war against Eritrean secessionists, authoritative sources here have indicated.

In a series of conversations, apparently seeking to convey in private what they have not said publicly, the high-level sources said that Cuba would resist Ethiopian pressure to commit its troops to Ethiopia's 17-year civil war, and would continue to push for a political solution to the conflict.

According to U.S. estimates, more than 15,000 Cuban soldiers remain stationed in Ethiopia after helping to win a border war against Somalia earlier this year.

Despite repeated objections from the United States and other Western nations to the continued Cuban presence, and strong expressions of concern that the troops would be deployed on Ethiopia's internal front, Cuba has refused to commit itself publicly either to withdrawal or to non-involvement in Eritrea.

Third World Angered

The possibility of Cuban troop deployment in Eritrea also has angered many of Cuba's friends in the Third World, particularly militant Arab nations that support the Eritrean movement.

Yesterday, Iraq, the Soviet Union's closest ally in the Middle East, raised the stakes for Soviet-Cuban involvement in Eritrea. Iraqi Information Minister Saad Qasim Hammudi said in an interview that Baghdad, because of its support for the Eritrean cause, would not allow supply planes bound for Ethiopia to use Iraqi air space.

Although not mentioned by name, the Soviet Union was the obvious target, because it had about \$1 billion worth of armaments in Ethiopia in the last year, and much of this support has involved flights over Iraq.

On a number of occasions President Fidel Castro has said publicly that Cuba favors a "just political solution" to the Eritrean problem based on "Leninist principles" of respect for minorities within a "multinational" Ethiopian state.

This presumably refers to a federation of diverse national groups similar to that described in the Soviet Constitution.

In an interview with U.S. journalists here last week, Mr. Castro emphasized that the long-standing Eritrean problem is Ethiopia's "and not ours."

"The Ethiopian government knows our position," Mr. Castro said. "It is aware of it, and respects it."

Kept Options Open

But, when asked how Cuba, which repeatedly maintained that its troops were participating in the Somali war at Ethiopian request and under Ethiopian orders, would respond to an Ethiopian request for troop support in Eritrea, Mr. Castro left the door open. Cuba, he said, does "not want to enter into public commitments about our future position."

Sources here have stressed privately that the most important part of that two-part position — in favor of a political solution, but opposed to making a commitment — is the first.

They said that respect for the sensibilities of his Ethiopian allies, along with refusal to appear to bend to U.S. pressure anywhere in Africa, will not permit Mr. Castro to go further in public. Nevertheless, they cited a number of reasons why Cuba is determined to avoid fighting in Eritrea.

One reason is that Cuba supported the Eritrean cause — secession from Ethiopia and formation of a separate state — just a few years ago.

Before the 1974 Ethiopian revolution, when the Eritrean enemy was the U.S.-supported government of Emperor Haile Selassie, Cuba brought a number of Eritrean soldiers here for training and spoke for the secessionists in international forums.

Among the several Eritrean factions were, and still are, a number of fledgling Marxists interested in promoting their own Cuban-style revolution.

But when a group of self-proclaimed Marxist officers within the Eritrean army overthrew the emperor, and the United States drew its support for the main Ethiopian government, Cuba took sides against the Eritreans and for the so-

cialist revolution most likely to succeed.

Side-Switching

While U.S. officials have attributed the switching of sides to Cuban subjugation to Soviet strategic designs — through the new Ethiopian government — on the Horn of Africa, Cuban sources last week gave another version.

"Reactionary Arabs," specifically Saudi Arabia, they said, were intent on crushing the blossoming socialist state in the old empire, and began funneling support to the beleaguered Eritreans.

A renewed onslaught from the fortified Eritreans to the north, combined with last year's Somali invasion in the east and south, made them feel obligated to answer Ethiopia's call for assistance, the Cubans said. But that assistance, they maintained, was never intended to be used in Eritrea.

Several months ago, high-level U.S. officials angrily alleged, and Ethiopia implied, that Cuban troops had been deployed in Eritrea. But there is little concrete evidence that the Cuban troops had moved north.

Last month, Ethiopia launched new offensive in Eritrea, with Eritrean leader Lt. Col. Mengistu Hailemariam saying that he had Soviet and Cuban support. Since the however, Col. Mengistu has backed away from any specific claim, Cuban or Soviet troop involvement, and there are indications — Ethiopians have made little progress against the Eritrean force, which control more than 90 percent of the secessionist province.

Cubans Said to End Fighting

PARIS, June 22 (AP) — spokesmen for the Eritrean People's Liberation Front says that 3,500 Cuban soldiers with Ethiopian army in Eritrea stop fighting in March.

Nafi Kirdi, the Paris representative of one of the two major Eritrean guerrilla armies, told a news conference yesterday that he hoped Cuban influence would stop Eritrean war on the Eritreans.

U.S. Envoy Is in Angola For Talks on Zaire Issue

(Continued from Page 1)

(UNITA) — who use Zaire as their main rear base area.

Administration officials expressed the hope yesterday that Angola and Zaire would come to an understanding that neither would permit its territory to be used to launch attacks against the other.

Officials said that in contacts with Angola so far, the Neto government has invariably raised the issue of UNITA guerrillas using Zaire as a base. Angola appears to hold the United States responsible for Zairean policy, arguing that President Mobutu Sese Seko depends on the United States for his survival.

Contact on Hostages

Despite the mutual recrimination that has characterized past U.S.-Angolan relations, the two countries have also quietly maintained contact. U.S. officials said yesterday, for example, during the Katanga rebels' invasion of Shaba province last month, when the United States was publicly critical of Angola, the two countries exchanged messages on ways to deal with hostages that the rebels might take from Shaba to Angola, the officials said.

The Shaba invasion persuaded some officials here that the U.S. posture of rhetorical attacks on the Soviet-Cuban presence in Africa was inadequate to deal with such practical problems as the Katanga rebels' ambition to destroy the Shaba economy.

"We had the choice of either stirring it up or quieting it down, and if you wanted to quiet it down you had to talk to the Angolans," an official said.

President Neto may have come to a similar conclusion. Earlier this month, according to reliable sources, he sent three messages through different channels to the United States suggesting the possibility of Angolan-U.S. discussions.

A ranking U.S. official said yesterday that the United States had

U.S. Seeks Sadat Plan

(Continued from Page 1)

to withdraw from them. But Mr. Begin has refused to agree to give up even part of those occupied lands.

Sen. Javits, who has been in touch with the administration, also called upon Mr. Sadat to make a "formal Egyptian counter-proposal" to Mr. Begin.

The formulation and presentation to Israel of Egypt's specific views on the question of negotiations respecting the permanent status of the West Bank and Gaza District and the role to be played by the Palestinians in such negotiations could set the stage for a re-linking by Israel of the position contained in the Israeli Cabinet statement.

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OECD Employees Stage Demonstration

PARIS, June 22 (HTT) — OECD employees staged a demonstration today demanding benefits for male spouses who survive their wives working in the international organization.

Four hundred men and women employees — about a quarter of the

Terms Them Unconstitutional

Carter Upbraids Congress On 'Legislative Vetoes'

By Edward Walsh

WASHINGTON, June 22 (WP) — President Carter has denounced as unconstitutional the "legislative veto" provisions that Congress inserts in laws to curb executive authority.

In a long message to Congress yesterday, and through a statement by Attorney General Griffin Bell, Mr. Carter declared that he will ignore the legislative veto provisions of most existing laws. And he said he might veto new legislation that contains such provisions.

Mr. Bell said that the issue would have to be settled eventually by the Supreme Court, although there is no immediate prospect of a high court test.

Legislative veto provisions usually give Congress a set amount of time in which to overturn an executive action. The Arms Export Control Act, for instance, gives Congress 60 days to reject arms sales proposed by the administration. It was under this law that some in Congress tried unsuccessfully earlier this year to block sale of warplanes to Saudi Arabia.

'Fundamental Departure'

According to the White House, at least 48 legislative veto provisions have been enacted in the last four years, a trend that Mr. Carter said "represents a fundamental departure from the way the government has been administered throughout American history."

Under the Constitution, the president argued yesterday, the veto is a power of the executive, not Congress. He proposed adoption of "report-and-wait" provisions rather than legislative vetoes. Under such provisions, the president would report a proposed action to Congress and then wait a specified time before implementing it. During that time, Congress could enact legisla-

tion, subject to the president's veto, blocking the action.

Informed of the White House statement, Sen. Frank Church, D-Idaho, said that Mr. Carter appeared to be "inviting a tug-of-war with Congress."

"In my view, these laws are perfectly acceptable and ought not to be contested," Sen. Church added. "I hope the curtain is not going up on another imperial presidency."

Congressional Distrust

Many of the provisions that Mr. Carter objects to originated with congressional distrust of the conduct of the Vietnam war by the late President Lyndon B. Johnson, and in reaction to the scandals of the Nixon administration.

Mr. Carter stopped short of saying that he considers congressional "intrusion" into his domain. He has objected to a number of new legislative veto provisions even as he signed them into law.

What prompted yesterday's outburst, White House officials said, was the prospect that Congress, especially the House, will attempt to impose legislative vetoes in a number of bills that will be voted on in the coming weeks. The next attempt, the officials said, would be "wouison" into his domain. He has objected to a number of new legislative veto provisions even as he signed them into law.

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Warrants Ruled Essential For U.S. Home Searches

By Jim Mann

WASHINGTON, June 22 — The U.S. Supreme Court yesterday ruled that law enforcement officials must obtain a warrant before searching private homes in which a murder has just occurred.

Without dissent, the court overturned the narcotics convictions of a U.S. Air Force machinist in Tucson, Ariz., whose home was searched by police for four days after a police undercover agent was killed there.

The justices rejected the conclusion of the Arizona Supreme Court that there was a "murder scene exception" to the Fourth Amendment to the U.S. Constitution. The Fourth Amendment protects individuals against unreasonable searches.

By contrast, in a case last month, the justices took a more expansive view of police authority, deciding that, as long as they obtain a warrant, law enforcement officials may search newspaper offices for criminal evidence.

Exception Reaffirmed

And in Justice Potter Stewart's decision yesterday, the court reaffirmed a prior decision that the police may act without a warrant in "exigent circumstances" — when a life is in danger or evidence is about to be destroyed.

But after reviewing the conduct of the Tucson police, Justice Ste-

art wrote: "A four-day search that included opening dresser drawers and ripping up carpets can hardly be rationalized in terms of the legitimate concerns that justify an emergency search."

The case arose during a 1974 operation by the Tucson police narcotics squad. Nine plainclothes officers went to the apartment of Rufus Mincey, planning to buy heroin from him and then arrest him.

Hospital Interrogation

After the first officer, Barry Headricks, entered the apartment, a shootout followed. The other officers rushed inside and found both Mr. Headricks and Mr. Mincey wounded on the floor.

Mr. Headricks died a few hours later. Mr. Mincey was interrogated by the police while he was in the hospital with tubes in his nose and throat and a catheter in his bladder. He was subsequently arrested and convicted on all charges.

The Arizona Supreme Court ordered a new trial for Mr. Mincey on the murder and assault charges on grounds that the jury was improperly instructed. The U.S. Supreme Court ruling means that Mr. Mincey also has the right to a new trial on the narcotics charges.

Furthermore, Justice Stewart noted that the statements given to police by Mr. Mincey while he was "barely conscious" in the hospital may not be used to undermine his testimony at the retrial. The court concluded that Mr. Mincey's hospital statements were not made voluntarily.

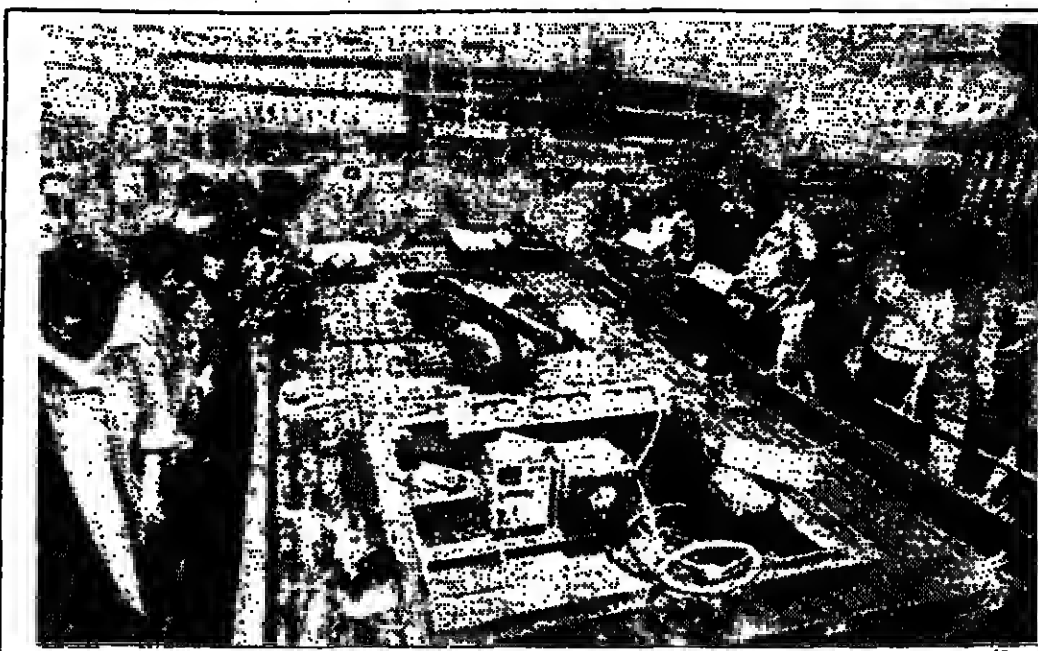
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Russians to Bar West at Games

BRUSSELS, June 22 (AP) — The Soviet Union has failed to invite Western observers to air and ground military maneuvers next month in East Germany, offering no explanation for its decision.

NATO sources reported today. Since the 1975 Helsinki agreements were signed, NATO and Warsaw Pact countries have been required to notify each other of large-scale military exercises and, in several cases, have invited observers from the other side to watch maneuvers in the field.

NATO sources said that they had expected some countries in the NATO alliance to be invited to send observers to the maneuvers set for July 3 to 8 with 30,000 Soviet troops participating. The sources said that Soviet officials had confirmed that no invitations would be forthcoming.



SPY SHIP — Residents of Seoul view a boat that, according to South Korean authorities and the UN command, is a North Korean spy ship. It was displayed recently on a city street after it was sunk in April by South Korean Navy patrol boats off the country's south coast.

Snepp Breached Trust, Judge Rules Informally

CIA Ex-Agent Held Guilty Over Book

By Fred Barbash

WASHINGTON, June 22 (WP) — U.S. District Judge Oren Lewis held yesterday that former CIA agent Frank Snepp committed a "willful breach of the highest public trust" when he published his book on the American evacuation of Vietnam without agency authorization.

Moreover, Judge Lewis said in an informal ruling against Mr. Snepp, "he never said he was doing it for the Pentagon Papers, to save the country. He did it for money."

Judge Lewis withheld for a few days issuing a formal ruling and a judgment on what penalties to impose on Mr. Snepp, the author of "Decent Interval." The book is a highly critical account of what Mr. Snepp calls the "botched" evacuation.

The CIA and the Justice Department are seeking punitive damages, the proceeds from the sales of the book (about \$60,000 so far) and an order barring further unauthorized disclosures by Mr. Snepp.

Mark Lynch, a lawyer with the American Civil Liberties Union, who is representing Mr. Snepp, said he would appeal the decision. This sets up another possible test of the CIA's authority to censor the writings of its former employees.

Mr. Snepp said afterward that if he loses the case on appeal, "I think we'll have a system where former employees cannot criticize the CIA. If the American people want a CIA that marches in bureaucratic lockstep, they're going to get it."

Mr. Snepp had argued, in part, that the secrecy agreement signed by all employees of the CIA re-

FBI Ex-Official Charges Illegal Entry to Nixon

WASHINGTON, June 22 (AP) — An indicted former FBI official said that a memorandum now missing from government files could show that former President Richard Nixon authorized illegal break-ins against leftist terrorist groups.

The allegation was contained in court papers filed by former assistant FBI Director Edward Miller in connection with his indictment on charges of authorizing break-ins and other illegal surveillance in the early 1970s against the radical Weather Underground.

The court documents said that the memo may be significant to Mr. Miller's defense because of a May 26, 1971, telephone call in which Mr. Nixon instructed then-FBI Director J. Edgar Hoover to investigate alleged terrorist killings of New York City policemen with "no punches pulled."

Mr. Miller also alleged that between 20 percent and 40 percent of the documents used in the Justice Department's investigation of the break-in case were destroyed by the FBI after they were returned to the agency.

Miller said the missing documents could help prove that "surreptitious entries" by the FBI against radical groups were commonplace for a quarter of a century.

Cypriot to Visit London

NICOSIA, June 22 (AP) — President Spyros Kyprianou left for London today to confer with the British government over means of promoting a settlement of the Cyprus problem.

Ending U.S. Residence Clause

House Unit Adopts Move On Rights of Alien-Born

By Robert C. Siner

WASHINGTON, June 22 (HIT) — A bill that would eliminate language in the Immigration Act that discriminates against children of U.S. citizens born and living overseas was adopted today by a House subcommittee.

The Immigration, Citizenship and International Law Subcommittee passed by unanimous voice vote a measure that would repeal two sections of the current law that:

- Require that children born overseas of one American parent, in order to retain their U.S. citizenship, must live continually in the United States for two years between the ages of 14 and 28 or that the alien parent be naturalized before the child is 18.

- Provide that children of American parents who are born outside the United States and acquire dual nationality at birth, can be automatically and involuntarily stripped of their U.S. citizenship if they live for three consecutive years in the foreign country of which they also are citizens after reaching the age of 22.

No Opposition

The measure must now go to the full Judiciary Committee and then to the House. A companion bill in the Senate has not yet received committee attention. There is virtually no opposition to the House measure.

The bill which was introduced last October by subcommittee chairman Joshua Eilberg, D-Pa., would, by eliminating these two sections of the Immigration and Nationality Act, end the "second-class" citizenship status imposed on up to 15,000 children every year.

After the subcommittee action, Andrew Sundberg, co-chairman of the American Children's Citizenship Rights League, a Geneva-based organization working to change the citizenship law, said

that members of his organization would meet with Sen. Edward Kennedy, D-Mass., sponsor of the Senate bill to try to set a date for committee hearings.

The Kennedy measure, in addition to the provisions of the House bill, includes language which would repeal a third section of the Immigration Act that deals with transmission of U.S. citizenship to children.

Current law requires that a U.S. citizen married to an alien spouse and residing overseas, in order to be able to transmit U.S. citizenship to his children, must have lived in the United States for at least 10 years, at least five of which were after attaining the age of 14.

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Securities	1,659	1,295	+ 28.1
Deposits	8,250	7,057	+ 16.9
Bonds	7,995	7,321	+ 9.2
Capital & reserves	369	322	+ 14.6
Fiduciary accounts	2,067	1,947	+ 6.2
Building society	835	566	+ 47.5
Profit after taxes	43	28	+ 53.6
Number of employees	1,700	1,659	+ 2.5

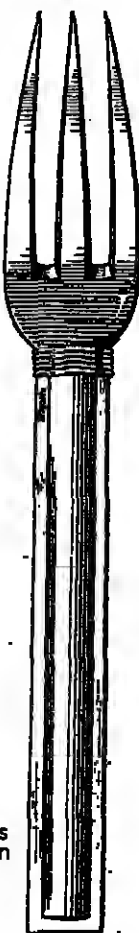
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Vietnamese Rejected by Thais, Robbed by Pirates

'Boat People' Beat the Odds, Reach U.S.

By Peter Arnett

ADRIAN, Mich., June 22 (AP) — They survived. The odds seemed stacked against it five months ago, 12,000 miles from this prosperous city of trees and large, white houses.

Then, the 50 of them — 14 men, 11 women, 25 children — were aboard a weather-beaten 30-foot fishing boat that arrived at Khlong Yai, Thailand, after five stormy days at sea. They were among a multitude of so-called Vietnamese "boat people" fleeing their Communist-ruled country.

They had no fuel, no water, no food — and, finally, no hope. The Thais had toughened their policies. The Vietnamese would not be given refuge.

Photographer Saw Them

That's when the world saw the boat people through a camera's lens. Photographer Eddie Adams found them and went aboard their leaky craft. But he was ordered off by Thai police.

As he reluctantly left, the Vietnamese started weeping and shouting in fear. An old woman pounded her head with her open palm and cried, "I will die. I will die. I will die."

A mother of five, Nguyen Thi Yen, cradled a sick child in her arms and pleaded for help.

Ellen Kinh Tieu Vien, once a Saigon teacher, saw the photographer's presence as a guarantee that the refugees would get help. Once he was off, police towed their small craft out to sea. Mr. Adams watched the boat disappear, a white shirt fluttering at its bow as a flag of truce.

Mr. Adams' pictures and story appeared in American newspapers last winter. He never saw the people again. But they survived.

"Someone was protecting us. Even a pirate turned out to be a protector," explained Ellen, who had so unhappily watched the photographer leave their boat in Thailand.

She and some of the others are now in the United States. A Roman

Catholic agency in Tampa, Fla., has found an apartment for Mrs. Yen, and she is studying English. She has learned that her husband, who stayed behind for lack of the money necessary to be smuggled out, is alive in Ho Chi Minh City, formerly Saigon.

And last Sunday, Ellen sang hymns in Christ the Redeemer Church in Adrian, Mich. "They are not Christians," sponsor Margaret Jean Sparks said of Ellen and her family. "But they appreciate our feelings about religion and come to church with us. They say they believe our God protected them and helped get them here."

Smuggled Out

Ellen described the frightening adventure. It began with the adults paying about 25 ounces of gold each (about \$4,500) to be smuggled from Ho Chi Minh City. Then came a trail of country roads to Vietnam's southern coast, a surreptitious trip to Phuoc Quoc Island and finally the dash to Thailand crammed into the tiny boat.

"We had been warned of pirates, but didn't meet any until after the Thai police had dragged us back into the ocean," said Ellen. It was then that four armed men aboard a motor launch ordered them to stop.

"I could tell they were pirates," she said. "They screamed obscenities at us. The leader was strong and slim, about 40 years old, with dark glasses and wearing an old U.S. Army jacket. They were Thai, but some spoke a little Chinese and Vietnamese."

The pirates demanded gold but didn't get enough to satisfy them. They threatened to kill all aboard. "We cried, we begged, I knelt down on my knees," said Cuong Chiem, then Ellen's fiancé. "We had heard pirates were killing boat people. We pleaded for our lives."

Leader Merciful

The leader was unexpectedly merciful. "Maybe it was because there were mostly children aboard," said Mr. Cuong. "He told us the only way to get refuge was to scuttle our boat and throw our-

selves at the mercy of the authorities."

"Several hours later about one mile off shore and near midnight, holes were punched in the bottom and we abandoned ship," Ellen said.

But they found the water was up to their chests and the sea bottom rocky. They have deep scars on their legs from wounds suffered as they stumbled and fell while wading ashore.

Mr. Cuong said the Thai police were at first angry but later sheltered the group in a camp — including the newborn baby that Nguyen Na and his wife named Freedom in hopes of a happy end to the voyage.

All Qualified

And that is how it ended. All 50 qualified for sponsorship in the United States. A Lutheran group sent Ellen Vien and Mr. Cuong to Adrian in May, and they were married a few weeks later. Their landlord was best man and local businessmen donated a bridal gown and tuxedo.

Along with Mr. Cuong's 9-year-old brother and Ellen's two sisters, the couple settled in an apartment in an old white frame house. The city of about 28,000 people — a quarter of them Chinese — is a few miles northwest of Toledo, Ohio. Its money comes from agriculture and automotive plants.

"We're middle America to the bone," said Mr. Cuong, very conservative in some ways, but progressive in human needs. Mayor Norman Haft said of his city.

Want Jobs

The Vietnamese go to local schools, and the adults hope to start vocational training soon. Ellen wants to be a secretary, her sister a nurse. Mr. Cuong hopes for a job in one of the automotive factories.

"What we can't stand is not working," said Mr. Cuong, who added that before the Communist takeover he had labored seven days a week in a small textile plant he owned near Saigon.

They try to keep in touch with the others from the boat. Most are scattered around the United States. "They know they are free now," said their sponsor, Mrs. Sparks. "But they need something more, they need reassurance that they are loved. That is what we are trying to give them."



SWANNY RIVER — Taking a kayak for a spin became a bit frustrating on Zurich's Limmat River one recent afternoon, when these swans brought paddling to a standstill.

Bad Publicity Is Fear

Senator Says Many Firms Conceal Computer Thefts

WASHINGTON, June 22 (UPI) — Hundreds of crimes involving computers go unreported every year because the victims — big banks, insurance companies and federal agencies — are too embarrassed to report their losses, Sen. Abraham Ribicoff, D-Conn., said Tuesday.

The senator testified in the Senate Criminal Laws subcommittee on his bill to make it a federal crime to steal information, money or other property from computers used in interstate commerce or to misuse federal computers.

There are 40 laws that prosecutors now can use to combat such crimes, but they were all written before the advent of computers, said Sen. Ribicoff, who is chairman of the Senate Governmental Affairs Committee.

As a result, he said, "prosecutors are forced to 'shoehorn' their cases into already existing laws — when it is more appropriate for them to have a statute relating directly to computer abuses."

Even more serious, Sen. Ribicoff said, is that in the absence of effective laws, victims of electronic theft are unwilling to call the police, preferring instead to write off their losses to bookkeeping errors.

"A guoman walks into a bank and pulls off a \$10,000 robbery and the bank officials have no hesitation about calling in the police. Nobody blames the bank for the robbery," Sen. Ribicoff said.

Bad Publicity
"But a sleek white-collar criminal manipulates that same bank's computers and steals \$500,000 — and all too often the bank officials have nothing to say. They would rather absorb the loss than call in the police. They are fearful of the bad publicity."

Sen. Ribicoff said that Justice Department officials "told him" there are hundreds of big computer crimes that are not reported — and the fear of bad publicity is the reason.

But if his bill becomes law, the senator said, corporate and government victims of computer fraud will be motivated to report their losses as crimes.

Penalties for violators would be 15 years in prison and a \$15,000 fine.

Meeting With Carter
LONDON, June 22 (UPI) — Prime Minister James Callaghan will fly to Washington Saturday and hopes to have a meeting with President Carter, his office said today.

Mr. Callaghan plans to fly to Washington to spend the weekend with his son-in-law, Peter Jay, British ambassador to the United States, and his daughter, Margaret. Mr. Callaghan will go to New York Monday to receive the Hubert H. Humphrey Award for statesman-ship.

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Down to \$15 Billion

Carter Backs Lower Cut In Taxes to Get Action

By Art Pine

WASHINGTON, June 22 (WP) — The Carter administration, bowing to political opposition over its \$20 billion tax-cut proposal, agreed yesterday to back a \$15 billion tax-reduction plan designed to get the measure out of committee.

In a conference with key congressional leaders, top presidential economic advisers essentially acceded to the \$15 billion tax-cut plan as a tactical maneuver to help break the current impasse in the House Ways and Means Committee.

The panel now is scheduled to put off any further action on the overall tax bill until after the July 4 recess — making it unlikely to resume formal drafting of the legislation until mid-July.

Separate Votes

The administration's agreement to support the \$15-billion cut was conditioned on a pledge by congressional leaders to allow separate votes on a handful of the President Carter's "tax-reform" proposals when the bill reaches the floor.

However, congressional experts said they doubted the White House would be successful in winning floor approval of more than a couple of very modest "reforms." The Ways and Means panel has opposed most of the package.

The action marked the second time the administration effectively has agreed to scale back the tax cut. Mr. Carter originally proposed a \$25 billion reduction, but pared that to \$20 billion on May 13. Officials stressed repeatedly that yesterday's agreement was primarily a tactical move, aimed at winning the support of a majority of the Ways and Means panel's Democrats and to head off a cut in capital gains taxes.

Willing Coalition

Panel leaders say they already have a coalition of Republicans and conservative Democrats willing to approve a compromise by Rep. James Jones, D-Okla., that would include part of the cut in capital gains taxes.

The administration has said it is adamantly opposed to any reduction in capital gains taxes. However, panel leaders have warned the committee may scrap the tax-cut measure entirely if some compromise is not worked out.

The commitment to support a \$15-billion tax-cut plan was made to congressional leaders by three of Mr. Carter's top economic advisers, Secretary of the Treasury Michael Blumenthal, presidential economist Charles Schultz and domestic staff chief Stuart Eizenstat.

On the congressional side, the participants included House Speak-

er Thomas O'Neill Jr., D-Mass. Rep. Al Ullman, D-Ore., chairman of the Ways and Means Committee; Rep. John Brademas, D-Ind., the Democratic whip; and Rep. Dan Rostenkowski, D-Ill., a Ways and Means member.

"No-Frills" Approach

The \$15-billion proposal essentially parallels a "no-frills" approach that liberals on the Ways and Means Committee began pushing earlier this week. The idea is to scrap all of Mr. Carter's "reforms" proposals in order to muster a Democratic majority behind the bill.

In one such proposal, Rep. Joseph Fisher, D-Va., a committee liberal, has suggested a flat \$15-billion plan that would provide \$10 billion in tax cuts for individuals and \$5 billion for corporations. The personal tax cuts would be concentrated to the \$15,000 to \$50,000 brackets.

Meanwhile, the Treasury Department completed a new study showing that the average highest tax rates paid on capital gains are decidedly lower than previous thought, and that most taxpayers reporting capital gains would be affected by the pending Jones compromise.

The survey, described by officials as the most extensive the department has conducted on the subject, shows that the average marginal rate on capital gains was only 18 percent in 1976, rather than the 49.1 percent maximum often cited by proponents of the compromise plan.

Illinois Delays Latest ERA Vote

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., June 22 (AP) — A critical vote on the Equal Rights Amendment yesterday was postponed at the last minute after Gov. James Thompson warned that the measure did not have enough support to pass.

ERA supporters postponed the vote in the Illinois House, saying that Gov. Thompson asked for more time to prevent possible defections of Republican legislators who voted for ERA two weeks ago.

The ERA fell six votes short of gaining the necessary three-fifths vote for ratification on June 7, but supporters immediately introduced new resolutions aimed at eliminating Illinois as the only northern industrialized state that has not ratified ERA.

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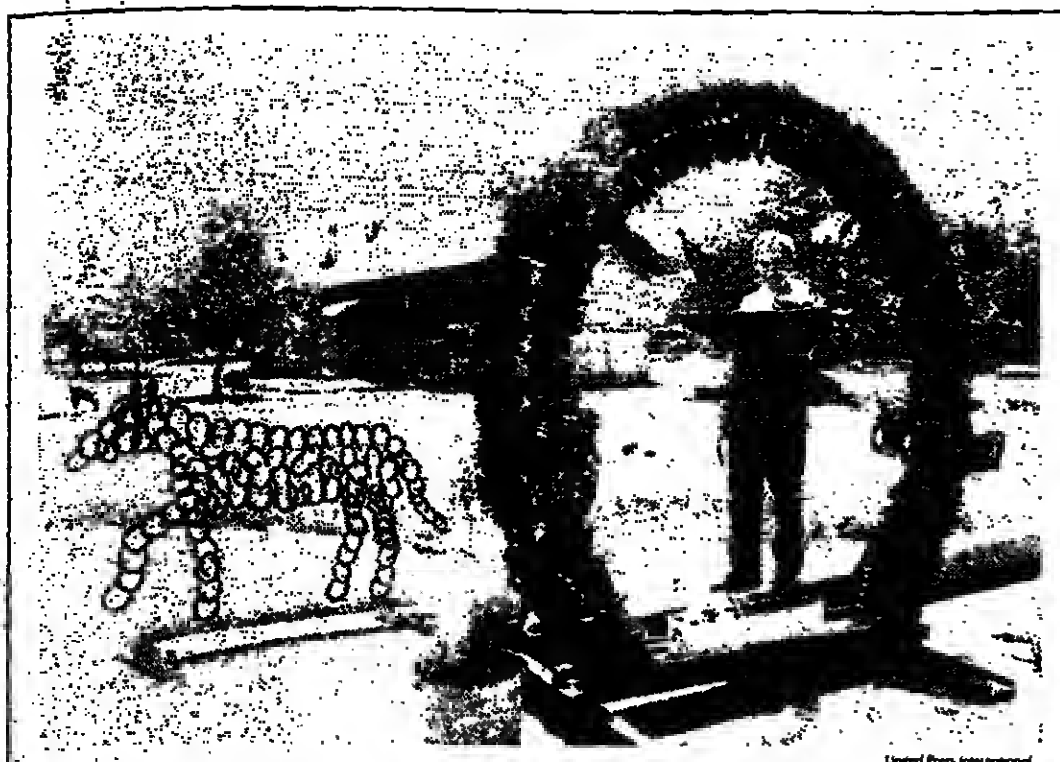
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INTERNATIONAL SALES MANAGER-U.K.	Commission with inc. and exp.	Industrial Service Co.	near London	Not open; age open; Eng. Fr. + Ital. &/or Span.; related sales & project mgmt. exp. with Int'l co.	William Greenway, Partner, 2 Avenue Montaigne, 75001 Paris.	L.I.T. 15-6-78
V.P. - CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER	Most attractive compensation	Multinational manufacturing & trading co.	Midwest East	Fin. prof.; min. 10 yrs. broad-based, Int'l exp.	Box 0 1,130, Herald Tribune, 181 Avenue Charles-de-Gaulle, 92280 Neuilly, France.	L.I.T. 15-6-78
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GENERAL SALES DIRECTOR	Outstanding	Leading, Int'l direct sales org.	Spain	Success record in direct sales; min. 3 yrs. similar exp. Span. + 1 yr. lang. prof. Span.	Cargor Corp., 157 Gardemia Court, Oakville, Ontario, Canada.	L.I.T. 17-6-78
MANUFACT. CONTROLLER	\$14,000-18,000	Major Int'l trading org.	London + 50% travel	35-40; engineering deg.; or similar prof. qual.	Ref. JMC 3084/INT. C.J.A., 35 New Broad St., London EC2M 1RN, Tel.: 01-5893586, Telex: 897374.	L.I.T. 17-6-78
INT'L GROUP MARKETING MANAGER	\$13,000-18,000	Int'l consumer product manufacturing group (consumer).	Home countries + travel	28-38; min. 5 yrs. exp. in consumer prod., incl. Int'l experience.	Ref. K24366/INT. C.J.A., 35 New Broad St., London EC2M 1RN, Tel.: 01-5893586, Telex: 897374.	L.I.T. 17-6-78
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SALES MANAGER OVERSEAS	Attractive	Well established co. (construction industry).	U.K. + extensive travel	Proven record of dealing with process contractors, consulting engineers & major const. co.	C. Cress, Cape Contracts Int'l Ltd., Cape House, Exchange Blvd., Watford, Herts. Tel.: Watford 33617.	Daily Telegraph 28-6-78
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كلانا من العرب



ART THAT CAN BE PITCHED — Eugen Herzog, the village blacksmith of Bussnang, Switzerland, has come up with a decorative use for all his old horseshoes. In his latest effort to date, the creative Mr. Herzog used 1,200 horseshoes to form a 10-foot-high horseshoe.

Because of Current Tax-Cut Climate

Carter Health Plan Is in New Trouble

By Victor Cohen

WASHINGTON, June 22 (WP) — President Carter's 18-month effort to construct a comprehensive health policy that would control skyrocketing medical costs and provide Americans with national health insurance is in new trouble on several fronts.

Legislation to control hospital costs floundered again yesterday in the House Commerce Committee and hit new snags in a Senate Finance subcommittee.

At the same time, Mr. Carter's advisers are pressing him for a decision within the next week on national health insurance, with his economic advisers urging him to reject a comprehensive package in favor of a more limited and, they say, less inflationary proposal.

A leading health newsletter, the McGraw-Hill Washington Report on Medicine & Health, said this week that Vice President Mondale had joined with James McIntyre, director of the Office of Management and Budget, and others in arguing that the country cannot afford even a promise to start broad national health insurance in three or four years.

Mr. Mondale yesterday denied the report, but said that he is working to fit health insurance "into the budget, consistent with other national aspirations."

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An administration source said

that a "solid phalanx of economic advisers," including Mr. McIntyre, Council of Economic Advisers chairman Charles Schultze, Treasury Secretary Michael Blumenthal, and chief inflation counselor Robert Strauss, are arguing for a "targeted" health insurance plan and said that "Proposition 13 gave them new steam."

Mr. McIntyre, it is reported, successfully asked to attend a meeting last Thursday at which the president heard the secretary of health, education and welfare, Joseph Califano Jr., and Mr. Carter's chief domestic adviser, Stuart Eizenstat, argue for a broad, "comprehensive" health plan, even if it must be phased in, step by step. But Mr. McIntyre said, "They had to heed the lesson of Proposition 13."

Only Mr. Califano, Mr. Eizenstat and presidential health adviser Peter Bourne, among Mr. Carter's top advisers, are pushing strongly for comprehensive health insurance.

"If Mondale's doing anything," the same administration source said, "he's staying in the background and saying they need to fulfill the president's promises without creating a revolt among the economic advisers. And this is practically impossible."

Mr. Carter's problem is that, if he satisfies the economic advisers, he will anger the United Auto Workers, the AFL-CIO and the

Obituaries

Ex-Premier Jens Krag, 63, Led Danes to EEC

COPENHAGEN, June 22 (AP) — Former Premier Jens Otto Krag, 63, who led Denmark into the Common Market in 1972, died today. A spokesman for Mr. Krag's Social Democratic Party said that he "died of heart failure in his summer cottage in Jutland."

Mr. Krag stunned the nation in 1972 by resigning immediately after a referendum approved Danish membership in the Common Market. He said that he quit for personal reasons and shortly afterward he was divorced from his wife, actress Helle Vorkner.

The only public position he held after that was as Common Market ambassador to Washington. His career was dedicated to European unity, and in 1966 he was awarded the prestigious Charlemagne prize at Aachen, West Germany, for his contribution to European cooperation.

Mr. Krag, whose Social Democrats have dominated post-World War II Danish politics and fostered one of Europe's most advanced welfare states, was premier from 1963 to 1968 and from 1971 to 1972.

paign of Sen. Joseph McCarthy, R-Wis.

The government had charged that Mr. Latimore, a professor at Johns Hopkins University and an expert in Asian affairs, had lied when he told a Senate committee that he had never been a Communist agent or sympathizer.

Judge Youngdahl later denied a U.S. attorney's request that he withdraw from the case on the ground that he was prejudiced against the government. Then, in 1955, Judge Youngdahl threw out a new indictment brought against Mr. Latimore, and the government dropped its case.

Judge Youngdahl, who had been associate justice of the Minnesota Supreme Court, was elected in 1947 to the first of three two-year terms as governor of Minnesota, and established a reputation for busting rackets and reform of mental institutions. He was appointed to the U.S. bench in 1947.

Mark Robson

LONDON, June 22 (AP) — Director Mark Robson, 64, whose hit movies ran the gamut from "Peyton Place" and "Valley of the Dolls" to "Von Ryan's Express"



Jens Otto Krag

and "Earthquake," died Tuesday of a heart attack.

For most of his career Mr. Robson specialized in turning best-selling novels into successful movies. His better-known films include "The Seventh Victim," "Champion," "The Inn of the Sixth Happiness," "From the Terrace," "The Prize," "The Harder They Fall," "The Bridges at Toko-Ri," "Philly," and "Lust Command."

A former editor and a contemporary of director Stanley Kramer, Mr. Robson also directed "Happy Birthday Wanda June" and "Nine Hours to Rama," and produced several of the films he directed.

Major U.S. Coffee Firms Seek Ban Against Uganda

By Loreta Tokani

WASHINGTON, June 22 (WP) — Major U.S. coffee companies said yesterday that they would favor legislation outlawing U.S. imports of Ugandan coffee because of human-rights violations by Ugandan President Idi Amin.

Some of the companies already have stopped buying Ugandan coffee, but their spokesmen said that Congress should take a stand instead of leaving responsibility in private hands.

Procter & Gamble and General Foods said that they decided on the boycott as a result of a resolution last month by the House International Relations Committee urging President Carter to impose a trade embargo against the East African nation. Chock Full O'Nuts stopped purchasing Ugandan coffee two years ago.

Some of General Foods' overseas businesses purchase Ugandan coffee. Andrew Schroder, General Foods' vice president for public affairs, denied that the company would buy Ugandan coffee for the

United States through its overseas subsidiaries.

The Nestle Co. and Hills Brothers Co. also have stopped buying coffee from Uganda, although their representatives did not appear at the hearing of the Senate Foreign Economic Policy subcommittee.

Kenneth Dunnivant, a Folger coffee company official, told the subcommittee that a mandatory ban would be an "appropriate decision" by Congress. Representatives of General Foods and Chock Full O'Nuts made similar statements.

Five percent of U.S. imported coffee has come from Uganda. Coffee accounts for 93 percent of Uganda's export earnings, with U.S. coffee purchases accounting for 33 percent of those earnings.

Rep. Donald Pease, D-Ohio, said that from 50,000 to 300,000 persons have been arbitrarily killed in Uganda since Marshal Amin took power in 1971. He said that Marshal Amin stays in power by keeping his secret police and mercenary army well paid with money from coffee exports.

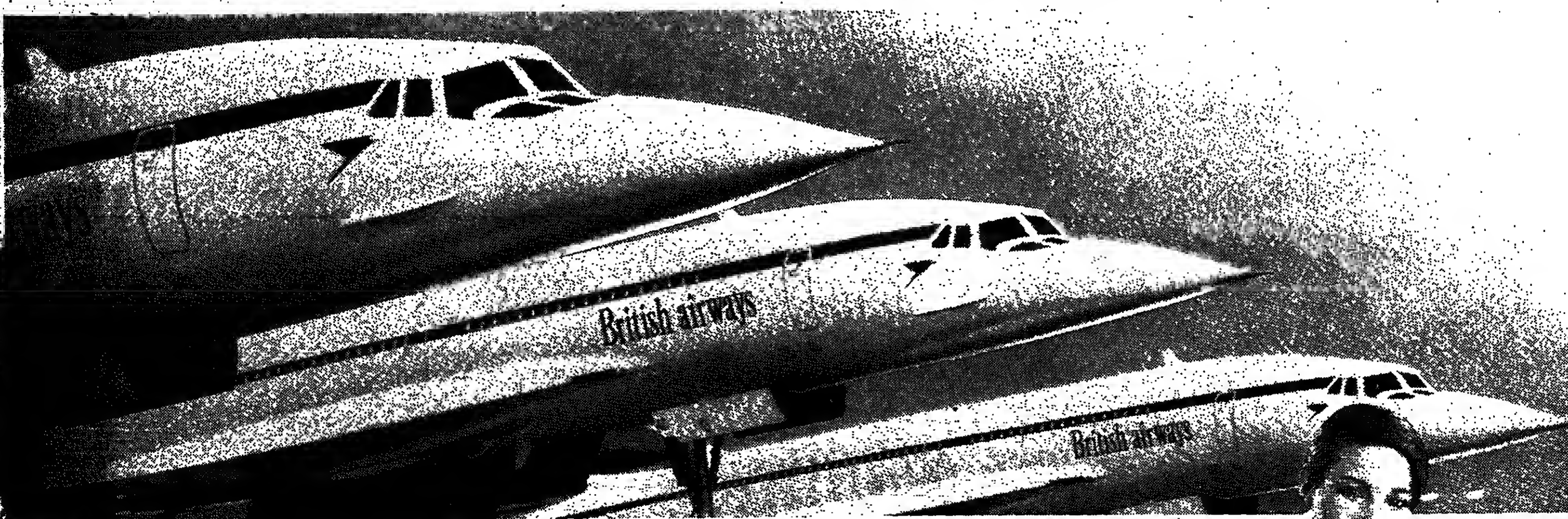
Ethiopia Aids Needy Villagers

NAIROBI, June 22 (AP) — A roundup of mules and horses is under way in Ethiopia's Wollo province to transport food to remote areas threatened by starvation from crop failure and now cut off by floods. Addis Ababa radio reported today.

The broadcast said that pack trains will be sent to remote villages in the mountainous northeastern province, where heavy rains have washed out the roads.

Government officials said three weeks ago that up to a million persons were threatened by starvation. More than 100,000 sacks of grain and other foods have been distributed, the radio said.

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Bahrain: British Airways Concorde flies London — Bahrain in 4 1/4 hours, every Wednesday, Friday and Sunday. Leave London 14.00 — arrive Bahrain 20.15 (local time).

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British airways



Detente on the Ropes

The most important thing to be said about Pravda's lengthy reply to President Carter's latest speech on Soviet-U.S. relations is that detente lives; it is too deeply rooted in mutual self-interest to be swept away by the winds of rhetoric — from either side.

Yet amid the welter of accusations and stridently defensive language, there can be found four deep-seated Soviet grievances. The Carter administration may well be unable to satisfy any of them — and it should not satisfy them all. But Americans should have no doubt that they are real.

Moscow plainly remains distressed over the Carter administration's continuing criticism of the denial of civil and human rights in the Soviet Union. On no issue is Moscow more sensitive — or more vulnerable.

The Russians are also outraged by the Carter administration's efforts to cozy up to China. Some of the anti-Soviet remarks during and after a recent trip to China by Zbigniew Brzezinski, Carter's national security adviser, obviously fed Moscow's limitless paranoia on this issue.

Third is the apparently genuine fear that the West may be embarking on a new lap in the arms race, responding to the fear of an imminent Soviet advantage but damaging to the stability of security arrangements on both sides.

And finally there seems to be concern that the Carter administration is either too weak or too short-sighted to make a political fight for the values of detente. Otherwise why would Carter express such doubts that he can get Senate approval for the centerpiece of detente, a Strategic Arms Limitation Treaty?

Underlying all these grievances must be Moscow's bewilderment and frustration over the workings of the U.S. political system. When President Carter says that the stability of detente requires it to be "broadly defined and truly reciprocal" he means that SALT's chances in the Senate will depend on public perceptions of the Soviet Union in all matters, from intervention in Africa to the safety of U.S. businessmen and of Soviet dissidents in Moscow. The Soviet leaders seem not to believe that this "linkage" is real, and that it cannot be so easily manipulated even by the strongest of U.S. administrations.

The irony of it all is that the speech that

Moscow regarded as in some ways provocative was intended by Carter to be conciliatory. The Russians were evidently most nettled by the president's contention that they would have to choose "either confrontation or cooperation."

Secretary of State Vance has since tried to knock the sharp edge off that phrase but, like Carter, was only expressing the realities of U.S. politics when he noted that "both sides will continuously be making choices between an emphasis on the divergent elements of our relationship, and an emphasis on the cooperative ones."

The president and Vance have been right to advise the Russians that their view of detente as a set of carefully insulated bilateral agreements, centering on SALT, is not tenable in the United States. And they are right to say that U.S. governments will continue to deny Soviet intervention in Africa and arms buildups in Europe, and to speak out when they see the Soviet Union depriving its citizens of the human rights it undertook at Helsinki to protect.

But Carter and Vance might also do more to reassure the Soviet Union on some counts. Whatever the Chinese leaders want from a link to the United States, it should not be a primary objective or even tactic of an U.S. administration to confuse the desirability of reconciliation with Peking with the life-and-death issues under negotiation with Moscow.

In some matters, there may well be a greater common interest in collaboration with the Chinese and there may even be value in occasionally annoying the Russians on that score. To speak of common strategic interests against the Russians, however, offends not only Moscow but also the facts.

On the same day that Secretary Vance assured Congress that detente was not on the ropes, Muhammad Ali was defending it in Moscow. He asserted that he knew Carter, had now come to know Leonid Brezhnev as well, and was sure that both men want peace. He had hard words only for Leon Spinks, who took his heavyweight crown away last February. "I will bury him," Ali promised for their rematch. Pessimists in both Washington and Moscow might draw encouragement from the fact that only a decade and a half ago such a phrase figured in East-West diplomacy as well.

THE NEW YORK TIMES.

Watergate, Italian Style

As these things go, the resignation of Giovanni Leone as president of Italy was rather sudden. In a similar U.S. case, still fresh in memory, it took more than two years of rising scandal, court action, investigations and hearings, to force an incumbent president to resign. Mr. Leone's position was not so powerful as Mr. Nixon's, but neither was the public pressure on him so intense. Ever since the Lockheed affair in early 1976, Mr. Leone had been up to his ears in accusations of financial corruption. Having brazened it out for more than two years, he appeared perfectly capable of brazening it out for the remaining six months of his term. But last week, after a series of magazine articles opening further charges, he unexpectedly stepped down. Why?

The explanation lies, evidently, in the uneasy partnership and rivalry between Italy's two biggest political parties. The Christian Democrats run the government, but they do it with the support and cooperation of the Communists. The Communists' intention is to ease themselves into cabinet offices by such gradual stages that no one will be frightened. That strategy is inevitably generating great strain within the party, as radicals and reformers assail the leadership for its obedient assistance to a decidedly conservative Christian Democratic administration.

The local elections last month greatly increased that strain. Perhaps it was a reaction to the murder of Aldo Moro a few days earlier, but the Communists suffered a sharp set-

back. The party decided that it requires a more aggressive posture. It couldn't move to the left ideologically without alienating the middle-class voters whom it is so patiently courting. The obvious solution was to return to the emphasis on honest, efficient administration, on which much of the Communists' success over the years has rested. When the magazine articles began going into the tangled financial affairs of Mr. Leone, who is a Christian Democrat, the Communists seized their opportunity and called on him to resign. That gave the Christian Democrats a choice between defending corruption or letting Mr. Leone go. With dry eyes, they cut their losses — and Mr. Leone went.

Since the office of president is largely ceremonial in Italy, it will not matter vastly who replaces him. But this incident may lead to parliamentary elections sooner than either of the big parties expected or wanted. Italian law prohibits elections during the last six months of a president's term, and the parties were counting on that technicality to get them safely through the rest of this year. Neither of them is eager to face the voters this year. Neither is entirely sure of the public reaction to the Moro kidnapping. Neither wants to pursue the issues of party financing toward which the Leone case points. But it is also true that they do not entirely control the course of Italian politics. The Leone affair leaves the alliance between conservatives and Communists a little cooler and more competitive than before — which is not necessarily a bad thing.

THE WASHINGTON POST.

International Opinion

On Listening to Africa

The African policy speech delivered by Secretary of State Cyrus Vance in Atlantic City indicated that the United States would not try to mirror Soviet and Cuban activities in Africa. Instead, it would pursue wide-ranging and positive policies which would be designed to strengthen African independence. His statement is welcome not only because it helps to clarify U.S. policy toward Africa, the subject of particular confusion in the last few months, but also because it introduces some rational analysis to what has been in danger of becoming an overheated debate on overall Western policy in the area.

In the International Edition

Seventy-Five Years Ago

June 23, 1903

WASHINGTON — Negotiations on a prospective Sino-American treaty are progressing satisfactorily, and it is possible that the treaty may be signed within two months, informed sources said here today. Count Cassini, the Russian foreign minister, has prolonged his stay here, presumably to continue discussions on the question of Russia's role in Manchuria.

Fifty Years Ago

June 23, 1928

HOUSTON — Prohibition definitely became the outstanding issue at the Democratic National Convention today as the battle lines on which the delegates will enter the political arena four days hence were more sharply drawn for a fight to the finish as to whether the party will stand or fall in November on a "wet" or "dry" platform.



Israel's Choice: View From Jordan...

By Abdullah Salah

WASHINGTON — The Israeli Cabinet's decision on Sunday is primarily designed to avoid committing Israel to withdraw from the West Bank and to accept the right of the inhabitants of those territories to self-determination, thus blocking U.S. peace efforts in the Middle East. This decision, on the future of the West Bank and Gaza, comes as an additional proof of Israel's obstruction of the emergence, at long last, of a viable and just peace in the area. Especially, when the sovereign right of Israel to exist as a state under UN Resolution 242 is accepted by the Arab states.

It is now apparent that the Israeli leadership is unable to decide whether their ultimate aim is an "imperial Israel" or just "Israel." Peace or endless struggle hinges upon a definitive answer to this question by the Israeli leadership.

The late President Lyndon B. Johnson declared, in the aftermath of the 1967 war, that the United States was committed to the survival of Israel but not to its conquests. Henry A. Kissinger, has said the same thing. King Hussein of Jordan has been stating for a decade that Israel can have peace or territory, but cannot have both. Security Council Resolution 242 was categorically emphatic on the inadmissibility of the acquisition of territory by force and called for withdrawal of Israeli forces from the occupied territories in exchange for peace.

Defied

Israel has openly defied this legal and moral framework by annexing Arab East Jerusalem — and expanding its physical territory fifteenfold so that it now comprises one-fifth of the entire West Bank; by colonizing one-third of the rest of the West Bank and portions of the Gaza Strip; and by according itself the sole prerogative of retaining or returning whatever chunks of territory in both Sinai and the Golan Heights it chooses. Can this be anything but forcible conquest?

A great deal of publicity has been given to Menachem Begin's so-called peace plan, but very few know what it is all about. Following are the reasons why the Arab world has rejected it outright:

- It is a de facto perpetuation and legalization of the existing status quo; of military occupation, masquerading under the deceptive terminology of autonomy.
- Under the plan, Israel would continue to assume responsibility, not only for "external security" but also for internal police duties.

Loss Titles

A few military governors would presumably lose their glamorous titles. But they would continue to assume the powers of such positions under a different guise.

- Israel would continue to exercise "veto power" over the repatriation of Palestinians from their dispersal, including the close to hundreds of thousands of inhabitants of Arab Jerusalem, the West Bank and the Gaza Strip, who became displaced persons in 1967, let alone the 1.75 million Palestinian refugees who became displaced persons in 1948 and would be completely left out in the wilderness of their diaspora.

- The "Administrative Council" proposed under the self-rule plan would have jurisdiction or authority over Israeli settlers, who have already colonized the heartland of East Jerusalem and the West Bank. Thus, the Israeli settlers in those areas would enjoy extraterritorial privileges that may have belonged in the age of colonialism but are quite incompatible with the present era.

- Thus, the Palestinian plight was reduced, in one stroke, to municipal autonomy in one small segment of 1948 mandated Palestine, and to one small portion of the Palestinian people.

- Why this plan? In all likelihood, it is to disenfranchise the 1.5 million Palestinian Arabs from the mainstream of life — by offering them an option of acquiring Jordanian or Israeli citizenship without Jordan's even being present to offer or withhold such citizenships. It would cord off those people into reservations until such times as life becomes so untenable and oppressive that the Palestinian inhabitants would either vanish by mortal attrition or be forced, by various

means, to leave their ancestral homeland.

- Theoretically, Palestinians of the occupied territories would be able, under the self-rule plan, to settle in Israel. But ask any Palestinian about this seemingly generous offer and he will tell you it is a farce. For they know that practically all lands in Israel are either state domain and, therefore, inalienable, or in the ownership of the Jewish National Fund, the Histadrut and other arms of the state of Israel.

Agonizing

But is certain that peace could be achieved swiftly if the Israeli leadership terminates its agonizing over the question of "Israel" or "imperial Israel." Armaments can never

give a final answer. What gives the answer is a fundamental reappraisal of Israel's innermost attitude.

As for Jordan, the massive familial relationships between the people on both sides of the River Jordan render it inconceivable that the government of Jordan, the Palestine Liberation Organization and the masses of the Jordanian and Palestinian people would countenance suicidal separation. Jordan has consistently insisted that Palestinians must exercise the right to self-determination under UN supervision.

It might be the wise course, in the meantime, to establish forthwith an interim UN administration during which the inhabitants have an opportunity to catch their

breath and ponder their choice, pending a plebiscite.

An additional five-year Israeli rule with license for additional colonialization will leave little territory to talk about, not to mention the devastating impact of five additional years of occupation. A consciousness and application of peace is totally at variance with a consciousness of war, fear of war, and perpetual enmity. Most of the Arab world, including the Palestinians, have opted for a durable peace. The Israeli leadership evidently has not. When it does, then peace will not seem so far away.

Abdullah Salah is Jordan's ambassador to the United States. He wrote this article for The New York Times.

...and Slow, Hard Task of U.S.

By Anthony Lewis

WASHINGTON — Israel's reply to U.S. questions about the Begin plan for "self-rule" in the West Bank and Gaza, produced this week after long delay, was a damp negative. The government rejected the one way of making the plan a real basis for negotiation — to see it as an interim step, opening the way for talks on a permanent solution.

"Self-rule" was the permanent solution, Foreign Minister Dayan said. In short, the Arabs of the West Bank and Gaza would live indefinitely in a juridical limbo, with Israel policing the territory and putting settlements where it wished. Israel would make no commitment to withdraw from any of it ever.

No one could seriously expect any Arab leader to accept such an arrangement. Has the time come, then, for realists to write off the Begin initiative? No, despite the discouraging rigidity of Prime Minister Begin, the stakes are too high to give up. The U.S. government in particular, is right to persist in trying to breathe life back into the peace process.

The task of the United States is slow and hard. It is to go on trying to make clear to Israelis, both politicians and the public, what their choices are — the opportunities presented and the cost of missing them.

Strange as it may seem, the real

choices are not so clear inside Israel. For example, many people one meets are unaware that in a peace agreement Israel could get concrete security arrangements of a far-reaching kind. On May 31 President Sadat told Japanese correspondents that he would agree to demilitarize border zones, an area of limited armaments, a UN presence and early warning stations. I doubt that one Israeli in 10 is aware of those possibilities.

If Israel's public, usually so informed, is less so in these vital questions, that is in part a result of official tactics. Begin has deliberately muddled territorial and security issues in talking about his peace policy, no doubt because the ambiguity is politically useful.

When he visited President Carter in March, Begin beard from the U.S. side a long list of possible security provisions if Israel withdrew from occupied territory. He did not react. He did not seek to explore the possibilities. And he did not tell the Israeli public about them.

That is where U.S. leadership is essential: in piercing the ambiguity, separating the desire for territory from the needs of security. It would be entirely appropriate, for instance, for Vice President Mondale to speak to the security problem when he visits Israel starting next week. He is known as an old and true friend; Israelis would lis-

ten if he talked about the opportunities for peace and security.

President Sadat could also take further action to meet Israel's fears. Israelis are understandably skeptical of Arab promises after all the wars and hatred they have suffered. It is one thing for Sadat to talk to journalists about security ideas. It would be quite another to offer, directly, steps so concrete that they would survive the person of Anwar Sadat.

Another useful Sadat move would be to clarify a thought he first put forward in a New York Times interview on May 10. This was that Jordan and Egypt have responsibility for the West Bank and Gaza — after an Israeli withdrawal, negotiating their permanent status and security arrangements with Israel and Palestinian representatives.

Sadat did not explain his idea at the time, and Begin attacked it as a demand that Israel withdraw and only then get an opportunity to discuss security arrangements. Since then Egyptian diplomats have indicated that the proposal is hinged on Israeli commitment merely to the principle of withdrawal, and that it is designed to help Israel in dealing with the Palestinians.

Move

All this suggests that Sadat might do well to put forward a formal peace plan of his own in the next month or so. Israel and its friends have been highly critical of him for not doing so, and for calling off the Jerusalem political talks. The latest Begin government statement shows why he thought the talks would go nowhere. But a move now could make a difference.

In recent weeks, Sadat seemed to hint that before long he might dramatically abandon his initiative. Such a step, coming on top of his repressive internal political moves, would surely harden Israeli opinion and do lasting damage to the possibilities of peace. Fortunately, that prospect now seems less likely. He reacted in low key to the Israeli Cabinet statement and said he would go on hoping.

In fact, the Israeli statement was not without its encouraging side. It did make the unyielding character of the Begin policy clear, to anyone who wants to see, and with that the risk of more war in future. And it drew dramatic opposition from a man whose dedication to Israel's security cannot be doubted: Defense Minister Ezer Weizman. Peace still requires patience.

Plotting A Course For Vance

By Joseph Kraft

WASHINGTON — Out of the swirling mists of bureaucratic war there has emerged a clear victor in the struggle for preeminence in foreign policy. Secretary of State Cyrus Vance — not the widely publicized national security adviser, Zbigniew Brzezinski — has come out on top.

Still it remains a question whether Mr. Vance can assert himself for long as the undisputed master of foreign policy under President Carter. For it is not clear that he has the personal qualities to be a strong secretary of state.

Mr. Vance's praises do not need to be sung by me. He is well known to be a highly competent and widely experienced official, straightforward, honest, clear-thinking and articulate. He has a firm grasp on most international problems and he understands their interplay with U.S. domestic politics.

It has been said against him that he is a mere problem-solver, without a world historical philosophy. He does believe in the slow, patient address to areas of tension; he chips away at problems and makes progress by slogging through. That may not be as flashy as the "big think" abstractions fashionable in some quarters. But it is a philosophy, and a philosophy that happens to suit a time when little else beside patient slogging can work.

Most important of all, Vance gets on with practically everybody. He commands the support of President Carter and of all the president's chief aides — Vice President Mondale, Hamilton Jordan and Robert Strauss. He is the white hope of both the dissidents under Paul Warneke and the Pentagon under Harold Brown. The Congress likes him, and so does the diplomatic community.

Indeed this overwhelming support assured that he would eventually hold off the challenge of Mr. Brzezinski. For Brzezinski, apart from President and Mrs. Carter, can probably count no more than five supporters in all of Washington.

Some of the traits which have earned Vance such widespread approval, however, complicate his present task. He does not assert himself in ways that give other people a hard time — particularly other people in power. On the contrary he is used — as a lawyer serving clients — to making accommodations with the boss.

As secretary of state he has been far too deferential to the mere notions of the president.

He has repeatedly gone off on futile trips merely because the president pledged he would go. Thus he visited Africa a couple of months ago on an abortive mission that was below his dignity in the first place — a mission to decide which among several black leaders would agree to accept the flag of surrender being waved by Rhodesia's white leader, Ian Smith.

In keeping with that deference is a distaste for bureaucratic politicking. Vance has got his point of view when he wants to. He once extracted a hand-written note of apology from a White House aide who seemed to be circulating rumors that the secretary of state would have to retire soon because of ill health.

But Vance rarely asserts that power on his own behalf, and never for the sake of his department. Lesser officials at State, on issues that the secretary is not handling personally, have to do everything through the National Security Council. Not a few mistakes — including the blunder of supporting Somalia in its losing war against Ethiopia — could have been avoided if State had now the kind of authority it used to have under Secretaries Dulles and Acheson.

At the Center

One reason Vance is so little prone to take charge lies in his post-Vietnam experience. As a leading — perhaps the leading — lawyer in New York, he lived at the center of an establishment which had lost confidence. He came to believe in a certain U.S. guilt — for the condition of the blacks, for the plight of the Palestinians and, of course, for aggressive actions all over the Third World.

Those themes still persist in his approaches to such problems as the Near East, Africa, Southeast Asia and Latin America. They make Vance a paty for the hardlines, and complicate more than necessary his central aim of working for areas of agreement with the Soviet Union.

None of the weaknesses I have cited are insuperable. The administration's confidence in the secretary of state, now so visible, ought to foster more self-confidence. He can go on to become a distinguished secretary. But achieving that goal depends more upon himself than upon his staff.

The Art Market

Paying Price of History
In London Auction Room

By Souten Melikian

LONDON, June 22 (IHT) — The medieval works of art from the Robert von Hirsch collection auctioned today at Sotheby's were the hard core of the collection. They were the treasures which gave it its glamour — not so much for their intrinsic beauty as for their historic value.

The works were bought under exceptional circumstances, at a time of political and economic upheaval which caused one of the richest European museums, the Leningrad Hermitage, to divest itself of some of its most precious possessions. At precisely the same time, the oldest and richest church treasury in Europe, that of the Saint Blaise Cathedral in Brunswick — Brunswick, showing to give it its proper German name — was outrageously dismantled while the former imperial family of the Hohenzollerns started selling off their century-old belongings.

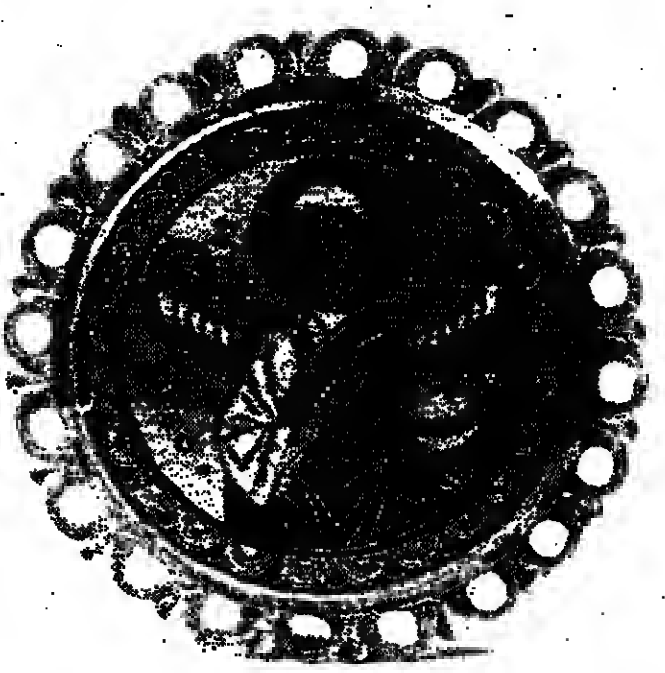
The combination of Stalin's contempt for art, which resulted in the Hermitage's sale, and Weimar Republic incompetence in economic affairs, which ruined families and induced them to sell off art, made the fortunes of Robert von Hirsch, advised by Georg Swarzenski, he scooped up some of the spoils; and those were the objects that reappeared yesterday on the market, half a century or so later.

Many were unique, forbidding any comparative assessment of their value. The prices that were paid were the prices of history.

One of the most intriguing objects in the sale was a cast bronze statue of a naked woman, shown one knee resting on the ground and shading her eyes with her raised hand. The harsh modeling is at once clever and barbaric. An inscription is modeled on her diadem. Stefanus Lagerensis Pictor, "made by Stephen of the Lagarins Valley" in southern Tyrol. Etschthal between Bozen — or Bolzano as it is called in Italian — and Verona. Its close stylistic connection with the wonderful bronze doors of the church of San Zeno at Verona provided the basis for establishing the San Zeno doors not much farther to the south. It made £110,000. No other casting of the model will reappear on the market.

Cathedral Piece

Equally unique is the base of an English Romanesque candlestick related to the Victoria and Albert piece associated with Gloucester Cathedral. The two other related



Medieval enamel medallion sold for record £1.32 million.

with a champleve enamel inset. It was part of the 82 pieces sold by Duke Ernst-August von Braunschweig-Lüneburg to a commercial syndicate in 1930.

In 1935, the Prussian provincial government purchased 42 pieces now in the West Berlin Kunstgewerbemuseum, but the other 40 had been dispersed and this is one of them. It is described as early as 1482 in the inventory of the so-called Guelph Treasure. That went for £165,000.

A copper-gilt eucharistic dove decorated with champleve enamels, at one time in the Marienstift, a German monastery at Erfurt, and later acquired by the prince of Hohenzollern, is again the only piece of its kind to appear on the market in the past 20 years. Hence the price of £110,000.

Rarest of all perhaps were three English champleve enamel plaques, because so little ecclesiastical English art of the Middle Ages survived the Reformation and the iconoclastic inclinations of King Henry VIII. Their price, £286,000, was lower than that of German enamels chiefly because Britain is poorer than West Germany. The metalwork department at the Victoria and Albert Museum is known to have hadly wanted the plaques but funds which would have been easily provided for a German museum just were not available in London.

Prices are not necessarily a yardstick of desirability, or is rarity. For sheer beauty, the ivories surpassed the enamels by far.

A unique 10th-century ivory plaque, which belonged to the Museo

Theater in Paris

Francis Perrin Gambols Through Moliere's 'Scapin'

By Thomas Quinn Curtiss

PARIS, June 22 (IHT) — The mantle of Farnandel has fallen on Francis Perrin's shoulders, and he swirls it with panache. Let loose on stage or screen, he can with a minimum of aid blow up a storm of laughter. He has done it more than once. He even made a hit of a French translation of Woody Allen's slightly chilled movie references in farce form, "Play It Again, Sam," a transaction as seemingly improbable as that of a London drawing-room cast tackling "To Be or Not to Be."

At the Theatre Athenee where he now gambols, he has a vehicle of sound substance: "Les Fourberies de Scapin." This is an ideal choice for he is by nature a clown in the Moliere tradition. When a member of the Comedie-Francaise a few seasons ago, he brightened productions of the comic master's plays with both his inventive acting and his ingenious directorial additions. His presence is always invigorating for he is funny on appearance. The house hews before he opens his mouth.

It was during the gap between the court production of "Psyche" and its first public performance in July, 1971, that Moliere tossed off this prose farce on the Italian model. In the rush, he helped himself generously to the works of others. The plot is basically that of Terence's "Phormio" and a complete scene, together with a running laugh line that has lasted 300 years, was cribbed from Cyrano de Bergerac. Scapin is Scapino, the stock servant of the commedia dell'arte. From this quickly stirred melange sprang an evergreen comedy.

Path of Romance

The scene is the Naples waterfront and Scapin is a rascal of a valet whose intrigues smooth the path of youthful romance. Two angry old men are opposed to their sons' and daughters' marriages. The nimble-witted knave, abetted

by a fellow domestic, breaks down parental hostility by a host of ruses and trickeries, administering one credulous papa a severe drubbing after the old boy, in fear of robbery, has slithered into a sack.

The scene borrowed from Cyrano is the one in which the wily Scapin extorts a ransom from Geronte, an avuncular father, informing him that his son has been kidnapped by pirates. "But what the devil was he doing in that alley?" (Que diable allait-il faire dans cette galere?), the repeated exclamation of the bewildered Geronte has been a favorite French cliché ever since. Cyrano wrote it, but Moliere popularized it. Edmund Wilson objected to its frequent misuse in English, mistakenly rendered as "What he is doing in that gallery?"

The stately ceremonious "Psyche" was designed as a court masque; "Scapin" was a favor tossed to the

people of Paris. It is indicative of Moliere letting social mores go hang and stalking the jolly belly laugh. The role of the conniving flunky, an ancestor of Beaumarchais' Figaro, he undertook himself, apparently with relish and to general enthusiasm.

Not for Study

The play can be a bore in the classroom and often is. It is devised for the boards and not the study; its comic agitation is better seen than read. At the Athenee it is utterly unacademic and pedants may object. It is acted for its robust humor and brio, circumscribed into a show. This has made it a great success and the house is packed nightly with responding youngsters who would yawn over it at school. Moliere's final farce, due to its present treatment, is a hit again.

In Pierre Boutron's rampaging direction it has contagious vitality

and zest. It is played without intermission and without even a momentary lull to its reckless pace. It leaves the spectator breathless, but the galloping performers never tire or become winded. Throughout they are happy, stimulating company.

Perrin, as might be supposed, makes a superb Scapin, busy as a badger in his nonstop lying and cheating as he bounds hither and yon — from the tank representing the Bay of Naples to the masts of anchored ships — in a dazzling feat of acrobatic acting. The round-faced Maurice Risch and the grim-visaged Andre Gill are obliging stooges as the harassed fathers. Maurice Bonnet is an amusing figure of fun as the graceful gallant of tangled private affairs, while the others, inoculated with the spirit of the venture, contribute to the carnival nature of the grand rollick. "Scapin" at the Athenee is total theater.

Sharps and Flats

MONTE CARLO — Nancy Holloway is the feature attraction at the Sporting Club through June 25. Paul Anka comes in for a big one-nighter on the 29th. His show will be filmed by CBS.

PARIS — Cat Anderson is at the Club St. Germain. The Dewey Redman quartet will be at the Esplanade de la Defense June 24 at 5 p.m., followed the next day at the Elvin Jones quintet, also at 5 p.m. Art Blakey and the Jazz Messengers are at the Olympia June 26 at 9 p.m. and Sapho at the Campagne Premiere through June 25 at 6 p.m. Robin Kenyatta is at Campagne Premiere through July 2 at 8 p.m.

GENEVA — Sylvie Varian headlines the Patinoire on June 24 at 9 p.m.

The Afro jazz group Mombasa, touring West Germany, will be in Kiel June 24 at the Town Center; in Heidelberg June 28 at the Garden Hall of the Kunstverein; in

Frankfurt June 29 at the Palmgarten at 7 p.m. and in Rueselsheim June 30 at Town Square at 6 p.m.

LONDON — Helen Humes is appearing nightly at Ronnie Scott's until the end of the month.

British jazz singer Beryl Bryden, back in Britain after an extensive tour of the continent, will be in London June 24 at the Henley Regatta Ball; the next day at noon she is at the Portman Hotel, and in the evening at the Guildhall in Cambridge; in Norwich on June 26 at Blackfriars Hall; in St. Ives on the 27th and back in London on the 28th at the 100 Club on Oxford Street.

This week's top single in the United States is "Shadow Dancing" by Andy Gibb, and in Britain, "You're the One That I Want" by John Travolta and Olivia Newton-John. This record is in the top ten on most of the charts of the world. —FRANK VAN BRAKLE.

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Steel Trade Signals Renewed U.S. Battle

By Clyde H. Farnsworth

WASHINGTON, June 22 (NYT) — The United States has offered to cut tariffs on steel by more than 40 percent and is making "lame-able" progress toward an international agreement that would try to deal with steel's trade problems, according to industry officials and labor.

The communication from the beleaguered industry, which won temporary trade protection from the Carter administration last winter after heavy import-induced layoffs, signals the beginning of an intensified free-trade battle in the nation even before a final accord is reached.

The position was disclosed by Bethlehem Steel chairman Lewis Foy, also chairman of the American Iron and Steel Institute, an industry group, and Lloyd McBride, president of the United Steelworkers of America union, in letters sent this week to all Congressional members.

The letters were bluntly critical of the negotiating efforts of Robert Strauss, President Carter's special trade representative. The groups were also seeking support for legislation that would defer any cuts in steel tariffs until international steel trade agreements, giving the U.S. industry permanent protection against excessive imports, is reached.

The letters reported that while the United States offered to cut steel tariffs by 40 percent, the Japanese offered to reduce tariffs by only 18 percent from their applied rates and that the EEC would reduce its steel tariffs by only 25 percent.

However, Strauss deputies Alan Wolff and Alonzo McDonald, who have been managing the details of the day-to-day negotiations, said those were "not correct."

"I don't see the basis for those figures," Mr. Wolff declared. "I would agree that the Japanese cut is smaller, but we expect to see an equitable relationship at the end of

the day."

Mr. Wolff declined to cite specific numbers, noting that this was "classified negotiating information."

Trading partners are hoping for definitive agreement on a new round of liberalization, the first in a decade, by mid-summer. Mr. Strauss would submit the agreement for Congressional approval next January.

U.S. steel tariffs average 6 percent: the EEC, 7 percent and Japan, a little over 8 percent. The industry letter said that neither the past record of steel import surges, nor current conditions, provide any justification for steel-tariff cuts by the United States.

The letter advised the legislators that an international steel monitoring agreement had to have as its "ultimate objective" the "elimination of predatory and other unfair trading practices." At the same time, however, the four-page document stated the industry's opposition, "for the record," to the formation of a cartel or any other form of market-sharing arrangement.

Despite the so-called trigger-price mechanism, the first four months of 1978 show steel imports running at an annual rate of 23.7 million tons, up 79 percent from the comparable period in 1977. The U.S. deficit in steel alone in these four months reached nearly \$2 billion.

Tokyo Offers Computer Cuts

TOKYO, June 22 (UPI) — Japan has offered the United States and the EEC further tariff cuts on computers and related equipment in a final bid to end the Tokyo Round of multinational trade negotiations, government sources said.

The new concessions will lower the tariff on computers to 7 percent from the current 10.5 percent and on peripheral equipment to around 10.5 percent from 17.5 percent.

Houston-based engineering firm; and Cat, a Lebanese engineering company. The work will be supervised by Mobil's Pipeline Co.

Yanbu, today a sleepy fishing village of about 20,000 residents, is located 220 miles north of Jeddah across the Red Sea from the southern tip of Egypt. Current plans are to utilize the port for oil shipments to Europe via an expanded Suez Canal and the recently completed Suez Canal.

The troubled Horn of Africa lies well south of Yanbu.

According to current plans, Yanbu will become one of the largest petroleum complexes in the region by the end of the century. A liquid natural gas pipeline will run alongside the oil line to feed a \$1-billion gas fractionation plant. The crude oil line will feed two refineries with a capacity of 670,000 barrels a day as well as providing 1.6 million barrels a day of crude for export. A giant \$1-billion petrochemicals factory is also planned.

FINANCIAL NEWS AND NOTES

BP Seeking Monsanto Plants in EEC

British Petroleum's chemicals unit, which last week announced plans to acquire the bulk of Union Carbide's European chemicals operations for \$400 million, is now seeking Monsanto's polystyrene and expandable polystyrene business within the Common Market under terms of a \$20-million offer currently under discussion. The offer, subject to various government and board approvals, also includes Monsanto's manufacturing facilities at Winkles, France, which has a capacity of about 130,000 tons of the products a year. BP Chemicals would also acquire the 33-percent interest held by Monsanto in Forth Chemicals, a styrene monomer producer in which BP holds the remaining interest. Monsanto would continue to operate polystyrene and expandable polystyrene manufacturing units at its factory in Newport, South Wales, but the output would be sold to BP. Monsanto believes that prospects are unattractive for polystyrene producers, who unlike BP, are not fully integrated into basic raw materials, a spokesman says.

Ford, Toyo Kogyo Broaden Links

Ford Motor and Toyo Kogyo, maker of rotary-engine Mazda cars, have agreed to broaden their business relationship but stopped short of forming a

new capital tie-up. Sumitomo Bank president Chihiro Isoda says the agreement was reached during a meeting between chairman Henry Ford 2d and top executives of Sumitomo Bank, which holds a large equity share in Toyo Kogyo. The talks were "very significant. I think we have deepened our mutual trust in each other," Mr. Isoda says. He discounted speculation the two auto makers might agree on a new capital agreement during Mr. Ford's visit to Japan. "That subject has not been discussed by either side," Mr. Isoda says. The two companies agreed that Toyo Kogyo would produce power transmission axles and additional small trucks for Ford on a commission basis.

U.S. Clears Lockheed of Overcharges

Lockheed Shipbuilding & Construction did not overcharge the U.S. government for steel used to build seven amphibious transport vessels, the General Accounting Office has concluded according to an aide to Sen. William Proxmire, D-Wis. The Renegades Board, a watchdog agency that checks into profits made from defense contracts, alleged a year ago that the company, a subsidiary of Lockheed Aircraft, may have charged the government for \$10-million worth of steel that was unaccounted for. Lockheed denied the charge and claimed it could prove its shipbuilding division never billed the Navy for 117 million pounds of missing steel.

Purchases Outstripping Rentals

IBM Profits Up but Pace Seen Slowing

ARMONK, N.Y., June 22 (AP-DJ) — Although revenues from more profitable sales have been rising faster recently than rental income, International Business Machines sees a slowing in sales growth this year — to the detriment of earnings.

Although renting computers ultimately is more profitable than selling, sales provide profits more quickly. Over the last two years, revenues from sales have soared 56 percent while revenues from rented machines and services have risen less than 12 percent. Profits have gone up accordingly, reaching a return on equity of nearly 22 percent in 1977. Now, however, the sales growth is slowing.

"Purchase revenue, of course, is important," IBM chairman Frank Cary said in an interview. "But we expect that rate of growth in purchase revenue will decline this year compared to last year and we'll have some quarter-to-quarter earnings comparisons that aren't as ebullient as those we had last year."

Boosted by high levels of outright sales, total turnover last year amounted to \$7.1 billion, up 19 percent from 1976. And roughly in step, quarterly profits ranged from \$4.18 billion above corresponding 1976 periods. Although Mr. Cary did not explain the anticipated decline in sales growth, he did say: "We haven't reached a point of stability in purchase revenue."

Company Reports

Revenue, Profits in Millions of Dollars

Beatrice Foods		1978	1977
1st Quarter			
Revenue	1,690.0		1,510.0
Profits	62.19		56.51
Per share	0.67		0.61

Levi Strauss		1978	1977
1st Quarter			
Revenue	381.0		392.55
Profits	30.65		33.37
Per share	1.39		1.51

a M&M		1978	1977
Revenue	752.3		703.2
Profits	63.34		59.56
Per share	2.87		2.68

Britain

Lyons (J) & Co.		1978	1977
Year			
Revenue	6,233		9,982
Profits	8,947 loss		6,151 loss

(Figures in Pounds sterling)

France

Michelin Group		1978	1977
Year			
Revenue	18,100.0		16,200.0
Profits	675.0		754.0

(Figures in French francs)

West Germany

Ruhrgas		1977	1976
Year			
Revenue	4,707.0		4,008.0
Profits	138.3		119.6

(Figures in Deutsche marks)

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Prices Gain Slightly on Big Board

Key Federal Funds Raised To 7 3/4% Rate

NEW YORK, June 22 (Reuters) — Bargain hunting after five sessions of broad losses helped prices on the New York Stock Exchange arrest their recent slide.

The gain came in the face of rising interest rates as the Federal Reserve apparently confirmed it has tightened credit another notch. The key federal funds rate, a basis for all other interest rates, closed at 7 3/4 percent.

After the final bell, the Fed reported the nation's narrowly defined money supply, M-1, fell \$1.1 billion in the latest week and the broader M-2 supply dropped \$800 million.

The Dow Jones industrial average gained 2.77 to 827.70. Advancing issues led declines by 726-to-658 after five sessions with more than 1,000 losers which created an overworld market, analysts said. Volume eased to 37.10 million shares from 29.1 million yesterday.

Prices rose in moderate trading on the American Stock Exchange with the market-value index up 0.13 to 147.18 and the average price per share 2 cents higher.

Gaming stocks continued to attract heavy interest with Playboy up 4 1/4 to 27 1/4.

Atlantic Richfield added 1 1/4 to 51 1/4. The company expects its first coal mine to produce 20-to-25 million tons a year by the mid-1980s.

Holly Sugar gained 1 1/4 to 27 1/4. Late yesterday, the company said a private investor proposed to offer \$36 a share for its stock.

In other developments, Curtiss-Wright and Kennecott Copper took their proxy fight before a federal appeals court. However, some Kennecott insiders had hoped that the final report by the inspectors of elections at Kennecott's recommended annual meeting on Tuesday, certifying that the Kennecott board had survived the proxy challenge, might convince the court to dismiss the case as a moot matter.

Wheat and soybeans closed substantially higher, corn irregularly higher and oats fractionally lower on the Chicago Board of Trade.

Carter Said Ready To Tax Oil Imports

By Fred Farris

WASHINGTON, June 22 (JHT) — The Carter administration moved on two fronts today to try to bring into being a meaningful energy program that would help strengthen the dollar.

First, President Carter urged key members of Congress to complete work on legislation to cut energy consumption before the Bonn economic summit in July. He reportedly is prepared to announce at the summit that he will impose oil import fees if Congress fails to act.

Energy Secretary James Schlesinger then announced a standby gasoline rationing plan that could be triggered by another oil crisis, such as a new embargo or a Mideast war that could interrupt the U.S. oil supply.

The link between the U.S. energy plan, still bogged down in congressional wrangling, and the economic summit comes from pressure on the United States from its main trading partners. West Germany, Japan, Britain and France, to cut the huge U.S. trade deficit, due largely to heavy imports of oil.

Cut Consumption

The overriding purpose of the energy plan is to cut oil consumption. A tax on crude oil — a key feature of the program — would increase prices of U.S. oil to about the world level for imported oil, thus reducing domestic consumption.

Sen. Henry Jackson, D-Wash., chairman of the Senate Energy Committee, said after key legislation met with the president on energy today that Mr. Carter is prepared to announce at the July 16-17 summit that he will impose a fee on imported crude oil if Congress does not move by then on the energy legislation.

Mr. Schlesinger said that was "an option," but a decision on whether to raise import fees — making foreign oil more costly here — would depend on the President's assessment of the prospects for congressional action before the expected October legislative recess.

He said the president did not set a deadline for imposing import levies but hoped Congress would give him the energy bill before he leaves for Bonn.

Later today, Mr. Schlesinger pro-

posed the gasoline-rationing plan that would distribute coupons on the basis of the number of vehicles a business or family owned. The secretary emphasized that the plan, which has been in preparation for several months, would be imposed only in time of crisis such as the 1973-74 oil embargo. He said a new cut-off of foreign oil shipments would cause a worse energy crisis here than the last one because the United States now imports about 44 percent of its oil compared to about one-third at that time.

Dollar Surges In Late Rally

LONDON, June 22 (AP-DJ) — The dollar staged a broad rally on European foreign exchange markets today on hopes that the United States may initiate activity at next month's economic summit in Bonn to curb oil imports.

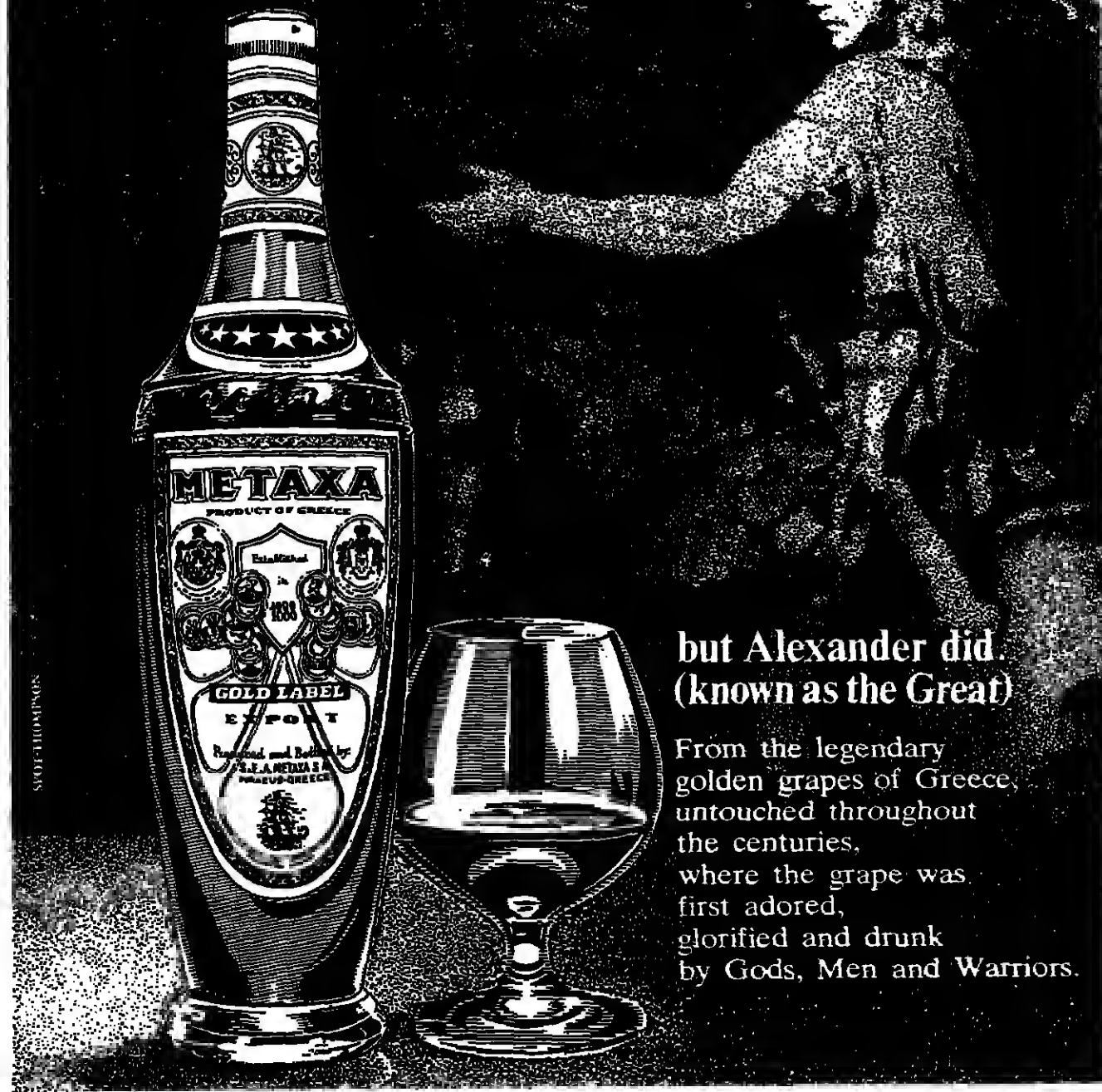
A flurry of dollar buying erupted following news that President Carter is prepared to announce that he will act to raise oil prices through increased import fees unless Congress shows its willingness to enact his year-old proposal for a domestic oil tax.

"A very rapid but restrained improvement in the dollar" followed the news, one dealer at a major U.K. bank said. He characterized the situation as "disorderly," especially because the news came towards the end of the European business day when trading was "quite thin."

Against the Deutsche mark, the dollar rose to 2.0885 compared with 2.08 DM immediately before the news and up 1.40 pence from late yesterday. The dollar firmed to 1.8815 Swiss francs, up 1.17 centimes from its mid-afternoon level and 1.65 centimes from overnight. Against the yen, it climbed to 211.38 from 210.48 yen earlier and 210.60 yen overnight.

The dollar also edged up to 4.5825 French francs from 4.5758 earlier and 4.5735 francs yesterday. Sterling, meanwhile, fell nearly one cent on the news to \$1.8380, for a loss of 1.2 cents on the day. The Canadian dollar was unchanged at 88.99 U.S. cents.

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IOS Liquidators Worried About Vesco's Voyages

NEW YORK, June 22 (AP-DJ) — Robert Vesco is on the move again — a development that is causing apprehension among the lawyers and accountants engaged in a world-wide effort to recover the remaining assets of the huge IOS Ltd. financial empire he once took over and plundered.

Mr. Vesco, a fugitive from the United States where five indictments are pending against him stemming from alleged securities frauds, left his residence in Costa Rica April 30 for the Bahamas, Mexico, Venezuela and the British-owned Cayman Islands.

The supposition is that he may be taking the trip to hunt for a new haven where he would not be extradited to the United States. The fear is that he may attempt to use assets stolen from non-Bahamian IOS entities to reimburse plundered IOS companies there in hopes the Bahamian government would give him refuge.

"If the liquidators in the Bahamas deal with him, it could cause a lot of trouble. Vesco could pretend to cooperate with one or two of them, at the expense of the others, and drive a wedge that would break up five years of cooperation," says a New York attorney for one of the liquidators.

Through this cooperation, more than \$300 million in cash and real-estate holdings have been recovered by the liquidators. But more than \$100 million is still unaccounted for and believed to have been squirreled away for use by Vesco and his former colleagues. Meanwhile, a dozen liquidators for the various IOS units, appointed by courts in the United States, Canada, Bahamas, Luxembourg and Netherlands Antilles, sometimes find themselves

competing with each other for the chunks of cash or securities that occasionally are turned up.

Probably the largest single sum that is unaccounted for is \$60 million that Vesco removed from Fund of Funds in 1972 and later concealed "in at least 17 banks" in Costa Rica, Panama and elsewhere, according to John Orr, Canadian liquidator of Fund of Funds and IOS Growth Fund.

Although most of the available assets have been regained, and hopes of finding the missing \$100 million or so are scant, liquidators say they still have work to do. Suits are pending against some well-heeled U.S. concerns which, if successful, could yield fresh money to shareholders. Mr. Orr brought a \$270-million damage suit in 1975 for Fund of Funds against its former accountant, Arthur Andersen & Co., charging it did nothing to stop fraudulent transactions that wasted Fund of Funds' assets in the late 1960s. Andersen says it did nothing wrong.

Meanwhile, it was learned that Vesco had unsuccessfully sought the aid of the incoming Carter administration to settle criminal and civil suits filed against him by the government. "Vesco felt he could give (the United States) considerable help in its relations with Panama and the Central American countries," one of the intermediaries recalls. "In return for what he contributed, the U.S. might give consideration to winding up his affairs. [Then secretary-designate Cyrus] Vance listened and said no."

Through the State Department, Mr. Vesco confirms that he met with the lawyers and informed them that the administration would not make any deals with Vesco.

[illegible][illegible]

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7 Room staff house
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INSTITUT FRANÇAIS DE LA MAISON

هكذا من الأصل

[illegible]

Tokyo Exchange

June 22, 1971

[illegible]

Frankfurt	2.385	Fininvest
Minlere	710.00	Generall
		IFI
		Italgas
		Itasider

...	77.90	LaRinas
...F.	130.70	Maletidis
...	138.70	Olivetti
...erbank	225.18	Pirelli
...Gummi	76.80	Snia Visco
...	295.50	
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Paris

Air Liquide
Alimentaire
Aquitaine
BSN
Carrefour
Chm Lafarge
Cie Sncalcie
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Imetral
L. Grest
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Michelin

Am CP	3.34	Peupard
Am	0.41	Rh Poulenc
ary bk	3.18	Socialr
arm G	6.30	St Gobain
	1.15	Suez
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	2.47	Sie B. Suisse
	2.47	Sie B. Suisse

NEW ISSUE

\$ 350,000,000
Power Authority
of the State of New York
General Purpose Bonds, Series G

Dated May 1, 1978

Due January 1, as shown below

The Series G Bonds, to be issued to pay a portion of the cost of construction of certain units of the Authority's nuclear-fueled and oil-fired power plants and certain transmission facilities, will be payable from and secured by certain revenues of the Authority pledged thereafter after payment of its operating expenses.

The Authority has no taxing power and its obligations are not debts of the State of New York or of any political subdivision of the State other than the Authority.

The Series G Bonds will be issuable in coupon form in the denomination of \$5,000 and in fully registered form in denominations of \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof. Principal of and interest (first payment January 1, 1979, and semi-annually thereafter on July 1 and January 1) on all Series G Bonds in coupon form and the interest on registered Series G Bonds will be payable at the corporate trust office of Citibank, N.A., in New York, New York and, in addition, the principal of registered Series G Bonds will be payable at the corporate trust office of the Trustee, The Chase Manhattan Bank, N.A., in New York, New York.

The Series G Bonds maturing after January 1, 1988 are subject to redemption prior maturity as more fully described in the Official Statement.

Year	Amount	Coupon	Price	Year	Amount	Coupon	Price or Yield
1987	\$5,700,000	5½%	100%	1992	\$7,500,000	6 %	100%
1988	6,100,000	5.60	100	1993	8,000,000	6	6.05
1989	6,400,000	5.70	100	1994	8,500,000	6.10	100
1990	6,800,000	5.80	100	1995	9,000,000	6.20	100
1991	7,100,000	5.90	100				

\$ 42,200,000	6.40%	Bonds Due January 1, 1999 - Price 99½%
\$242,600,000	6¾%	Bonds Due January 1, 2012 - Price 100%

The Series G Bonds are offered for delivery when, as and if issued and accepted by the Underwriters, and subject to approval of legality by Hawkins, Delafield & Wood, New York, New York, Bond Counsel to the Authority. Certain legal matters will be passed upon for the Underwriters by their counsel, William Farr & Gallagher, New York, New York. It is expected that the Series G Bonds in definitive form will be ready for delivery in New York, New York on or about May 11, 1978. The offering of these Bonds is made only by means of the Official Statement, copies of which may be obtained from such of the underwritten as are registered dealers in securities in this State.

E. F. Hutton & Company Inc.	The First Boston Corporation	Salomon Brothers
Dillon, Read & Co. Inc.		Goldman, Sachs & Co.
Kidder, Peabody & Co.		Lazard Frères & Co.
Lehman Brothers Kuhn Loeb <small>Incorporated</small>		Loeb Rhoades, Hornblower & Co.

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AMEX Nationwide Trading Closing Prices June 22

To Slow Output Of U.S. Grains

12 Month										12 Month										12 Month									
High	Low	Stock	Div.	% Yld.	P/E	100s.	High	Low	Quot.	High	Low	Stock	Div.	% Yld.	P/E	100s.	High	Low	Quot.	High	Low	Stock	Div.	% Yld.	P/E	100s.	High	Low	Quot.
<div> <div> <div>Ch'se</div> <div>Prev</div> </div> <div> <div>Close</div> <div>Close</div> </div> </div>																													

A - A										B - B										C - C										D - D										E - E										F - F										G - G										H - H										I - I										J - J										K - K										L - L										M - M										N - N										O - O										P - P										Q - Q										R - R										S - S										T - T										U - U										V - V										W - W										X - X										Y - Y										Z - Z																																																																																																																																																																																																												
9%	12%	15%	18%	21%	24%	27%	30%	33%	36%	39%	42%	45%	48%	51%	54%	57%	60%	63%	66%	69%	72%	75%	78%	81%	84%	87%	90%	93%	96%	99%	102%	105%	108%	111%	114%	117%	120%	123%	126%	129%	132%	135%	138%	141%	144%	147%	150%	153%	156%	159%	162%	165%	168%	171%	174%	177%	180%	183%	186%	189%	192%	195%	198%	201%	204%	207%	210%	213%	216%	219%	222%	225%	228%	231%	234%	237%	240%	243%	246%	249%	252%	255%	258%	261%	264%	267%	270%	273%	276%	279%	282%	285%	288%	291%	294%	297%	300%	303%	306%	309%	312%	315%	318%	321%	324%	327%	330%	333%	336%	339%	342%	345%	348%	351%	354%	357%	360%	363%	366%	369%	372%	375%	378%	381%	384%	387%	390%	393%	396%	399%	402%	405%	408%	411%	414%	417%	420%	423%	426%	429%	432%	435%	438%	441%	444%	447%	450%	453%	456%	459%	462%	465%	468%	471%	474%	477%	480%	483%	486%	489%	492%	495%	498%	501%	504%	507%	510%	513%	516%	519%	522%	525%	528%	531%	534%	537%	540%	543%	546%	549%	552%	555%	558%	561%	564%	567%	570%	573%	576%	579%	582%	585%	588%	591%	594%	597%	600%	603%	606%	609%	612%	615%	618%	621%	624%	627%	630%	633%	636%	639%	642%	645%	648%	651%	654%	657%	660%	663%	666%	669%	672%	675%	678%	681%	684%	687%	690%	693%	696%	699%	702%	705%	708%	711%	714%	717%	720%	723%	726%	729%	732%	735%	738%	741%	744%	747%	750%	753%	756%	759%	762%	765%	768%	771%	774%	777%	780%	783%	786%	789%	792%	795%	798%	801%	804%	807%	810%	813%	816%	819%	822%	825%	828%	831%	834%	837%	840%	843%	846%	849%	852%	855%	858%	861%	864%	867%	870%	873%	876%	879%	882%	885%	888%	891%	894%	897%	900%	903%	906%	909%	912%	915%	918%	921%	924%	927%	930%	933%	936%	939%	942%	945%	948%	951%	954%	957%	960%	963%	966%	969%	972%	975%	978%	981%	984%	987%	990%	993%	996%	999%	1002%	1005%	1008%	1011%	1014%	1017%	1020%	1023%	1026%	1029%	1032%	1035%	1038%	1041%	1044%	1047%	1050%	1053%	1056%	1059%	1062%	1065%	1068%	1071%	1074%	1077%	1080%	1083%	1086%	1089%	1092%	1095%	1098%	1101%	1104%	1107%	1110%	1113%	1116%	1119%	1122%	1125%	1128%	1131%	1134%	1137%	1140%	1143%	1146%	1149%	1152%	1155%	1158%	1161%	1164%	1167%	1170%	1173%	1176%	1179%	1182%	1185%	1188%	1191%	1194%	1197%	1200%	1203%	1206%	1209%	1212%	1215%	1218%	1221%	1224%	1227%	1230%	1233%	1236%	1239%	1242%	1245%	1248%	1251%	1254%	1257%	1260%	1263%	1266%	1269%	1272%	1275%	1278%	1281%	1284%	1287%	1290%	1293%	1296%	1299%	1302%	1305%	1308%	1311%	1314%	1317%	1320%	1323%	1326%	1329%	1332%	1335%	1338%	1341%	1344%	1347%	1350%	1353%	1356%	1359%	1362%	1365%	1368%	1371%

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10	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
10	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
10	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
10	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
10	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
10	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55																																													

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NEW YORK, June 22, 1978 —		U.S. Commodity Prices		U.S. TREASURY BILLS		
— cash prices in primary markets —				(\$ millions; per 100,000)		
— settled today in New York were:				5 1/2	10 1/2	
Commodity and unit	This Year/Avg	May	June	Sept	Oct	
POOR 100s, Ind.	N.Q.	589.50	590.00	589.00	572.40	-1.40
AGG Accr, Ind.	N.Q.	589.00	588.00	571.10	581.20	-1.50
104 4 Santos, lb.	1.70*	587.50	589.50	587.50	590.20	-1.60
EX TEXTILES	2.50	652.00	652.00	652.00	633.50	-1.50
104 4 Santos, lb.	1.70*	610.00	610.00	610.00	610.00	0.00
104 4 Santos, lb.	1.70*	616.00	616.00	616.50	618.20	0.20
Est. sales: 11,000; sales Wed, 11,456.				Est. sales: 4,346; sales Wed, 14,097.		
Total open interest Wed, 199,376, off 517 from Tues.				Total open interest Wed, 77,222, up 709 from Tues.		
GOLD 100 Troy ounce contracts				Est. sales: 1,400; sales Wed 1,400.		
				Total open interest Wed, 22,561, up 22 from Tues.		
				Est. sales: 1,400; sales Wed 1,400.		
				Total open interest Wed, 22,561, up 22 from Tues.		
				Est. sales: 1,400; sales Wed 1,400.		
				Total open interest Wed, 22,561, up 22 from Tues.		
				Est. sales: 1,400; sales Wed 1,400.		
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				Total open interest Wed, 22,561, up 22 from Tues.		
				Est. sales: 1,400; sales Wed 1,400.		
				Total open interest Wed, 22,561, up 22 from Tues.		
				Est. sales: 1,400; sales Wed 1,400.		

— Nominal	Dec	21.00	21.00	21.00	21.00	21.00	Open Interest Wed. 17,824, down 19 from Tues.	Dec	87-24	87-27	87-21	87-27
	Feb	214.00	nil	-	215.70	+0.20		Mar	87-20	87-23	87-10	87-23
	Apr	218.00	218.00	218.00	218.00	+0.30						

[illegible]

Open		High	Low	Close	Chg.
Dec	41.10	42.00	40.17	41.62	+ .12
Feb	39.85	40.85	39.30	40.42	+ .57
Apr	37.20	38.65	37.05	38.20	+ .85

WHEAT
5,000 bu., deliver nov. bu.

Dec 32.14 32.00 31.18 32.00

WHEAT					Open High Low Close Chg.						
May	5.57	5.57	5.53	5.53	-.01	Feb	5.55	5.55	5.50	44.2	+
Jun	6.18	6.19	6.13	6.14	+0.03	Apr	57.20	58.45	57.05	32.0	+
Jul	6.26	6.26	6.20	6.21	-.01	May	58.00	59.00	58.00	47.0	+
Aug	7.79	7.83	7.70	7.81	+0.04	Jun	58.50	59.50	58.50	57.0	+
Est. sales: 566; sales Wed. 1,124.						Jul	58.20	59.50	58.00	37.0	+

WHEAT					Open High Low Close Chg.						
May	5.57	5.57	5.53	5.53	-.01	Feb	5.55	5.55	5.50	44.2	+
Jun	6.18	6.19	6.13	6.14	+0.03	Apr	57.20	58.45	57.05	32.0	+
Jul	6.26	6.26	6.20	6.21	-.01	May	58.00	59.00	58.00	47.0	+
Aug	7.79	7.83	7.70	7.81	+0.04	Jun	58.50	59.50	58.50	57.0	+
Est. sales: 566; sales Wed. 1,124.						Jul	58.20	59.50	58.00	37.0	+

WHEAT					Open High Low Close Chg.						
May	5.57	5.57	5.53	5.53	-.01	Feb	5.55	5.55	5.50	44.2	+
Jun	6.18	6.19	6.13	6.14	+0.03	Apr	57.20	58.45	57.05	32.0	+
Jul	6.26	6.26	6.20	6.21	-.01	May	58.00	59.00	58.00	47.0	+
Aug	7.79	7.83	7.70	7.81	+0.04	Jun	58.50	59.50	58.50	57.0	+
Est. sales: 566; sales Wed. 1,124.						Jul	58.20	59.50	58.00	37.0	+

WHEAT					Open High Low Close Chg.						
May	5.57	5.57	5.53	5.53	-.01	Feb	5.55	5.55	5.50	44.2	+
Jun	6.18	6.19	6.13	6.14	+0.03	Apr	57.20	58.45	57.05	32.0	+
Jul	6.26	6.26	6.20	6.21	-.01	May	58.00	59.00	58.00	47.0	+
Aug	7.79	7.83	7.70	7.81	+0.04	Jun	58.50	59.50	58.50	57.0	+
Est. sales: 566; sales Wed. 1,124.						Jul	58.20	59.50	58.00	37.0	+

WHEAT					Open High Low Close Chg.						
May	5.57	5.57	5.53	5.53	-.01	Feb	5.55	5.55	5.50	44.2	+
Jun	6.18	6.19	6.13	6.14	+0.03	Apr	57.20	58.45	57.05	32.0	+
Jul	6.26	6.26	6.20	6.21	-.01	May	58.00	59.00	58.00	47.0	+
Aug	7.79	7.83	7.70	7.81	+0.04	Jun	58.50	59.50	58.50	57.0	+
Est. sales: 566; sales Wed. 1,124.						Jul	58.20	59.50	58.00	37.0	+

WHEAT					Open High Low Close Chg.						
May	5.57	5.57	5.53	5.53	-.01	Feb	5.55	5.55	5.50	44.2	+
Jun	6.18	6.19	6.13	6.14	+0.03	Apr	57.20	58.45	57.05	32.0	+
Jul	6.26	6.26	6.20	6.21	-.01	May	58.00	59.00	58.00	47.0	+
Aug	7.79	7.83	7.70	7.81	+0.04	Jun	58.50	59.50	58.50	57.0	+
Est. sales: 566; sales Wed. 1,124.						Jul	58.20	59.50	58.00	37.0	+

WHEAT					Open High Low Close Chg.						
May	5.57	5.57	5.53	5.53	-.01	Feb	5.55	5.55	5.50	44.2	+
Jun	6.18	6.19	6.13								

Total open interest Wed, 9,823, up 135 from Tues.	Joi	1.14	3.21	3.14	3.20 1/2 + 14 1/2	Total open interest Wed, 16,895, down 188 from Tues.	Mar	97-25	97-25	91-24	91-24
				Sales Wed.: 12,154.			Jun				91-20
							Sep	91-17	97-18	91-16	91-18

[illegible]

133.25	133.25	132.75	133.50	+3.50	Jul	2.30	2.30%	2.55%	2.60%	2.62%	May	51.25	+ .25
131.75	131.75	131.75	131.45	+3.25	Sep	2.56%	2.60%	2.55%	2.60%	+ .03	Jul	51.45	
127.00	128.50	127.00	129.80	+3.50	Dec	2.57%	2.63	2.56%	2.62%	+ .04%	Aug	48.40	49.00
					Nov	2.57%	2.63	2.57%	2.62%	+ .07%			

[illegible]

6.94	7.02	6.87	6.93	-0.02
3.04	7.35	3.29	3.54	0.54

[illegible][illegible]

6.76	6.80	6.87	6.91	6.94	6.97	7.00	7.03	7.06	7.09	7.12	7.15	7.18	7.21	7.24	7.27	7.30	7.33	7.36	7.39	7.42	7.45	7.48	7.51	7.54	7.57	7.60	7.63	7.66	7.69	7.72	7.75	7.78	7.81	7.84	7.87	7.90	7.93	7.96	7.99	8.02	8.05	8.08	8.11	8.14	8.17	8.20	8.23	8.26	8.29	8.32	8.35	8.38	8.41	8.44	8.47	8.50	8.53	8.56	8.59	8.62	8.65	8.68	8.71	8.74	8.77	8.80	8.83	8.86	8.89	8.92	8.95	8.98	9.01	9.04	9.07	9.10	9.13	9.16	9.19	9.22	9.25	9.28	9.31	9.34	9.37	9.40	9.43	9.46	9.49	9.52	9.55	9.58	9.61	9.64	9.67	9.70	9.73	9.76	9.79	9.82	9.85	9.88	9.91	9.94	9.97	10.00																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																					
Est. sales: 3,550; sales Wed. 4,266.										May										Jun										Jul										Aug										Sep										Oct										Nov										Dec										Jan										Feb										Mar										Apr										May										Jun										Jul										Aug										Sep										Oct										Nov										Dec										Jan										Feb										Mar										Apr										May										Jun										Jul										Aug										Sep										Oct										Nov										Dec										Jan										Feb										Mar										Apr										May										Jun										Jul										Aug										Sep										Oct										Nov										Dec										Jan										Feb										Mar										Apr										May										Jun										Jul										Aug										Sep										Oct										Nov										Dec										Jan										Feb										Mar										Apr										May										Jun										Jul										Aug										Sep										Oct										Nov										Dec										Jan										Feb										Mar										Apr										May										Jun										Jul										Aug										Sep										Oct										Nov										Dec										Jan										Feb										Mar										Apr										May										Jun										Jul										Aug										Sep										Oct										Nov										Dec										Jan										Feb										Mar										Apr										May										Jun										Jul										Aug										Sep										Oct										Nov										Dec										Jan										Feb										Mar										Apr										May										Jun										Jul										Aug										Sep										Oct										Nov										Dec										Jan										Feb										Mar										Apr										May										Jun										Jul										Aug										Sep										Oct										Nov										Dec										Jan										Feb										Mar										Apr										May										Jun										Jul										Aug										Sep										Oct										Nov										Dec										Jan										Feb										Mar										Apr										May										Jun										Jul										Aug										Sep										Oct										Nov										Dec										Jan										Feb										Mar										Apr										May										Jun										Jul										Aug										Sep										Oct										Nov										Dec										Jan										Feb										Mar										Apr										May										Jun										Jul										Aug										Sep										Oct										Nov										Dec										Jan										Feb										Mar										Apr										May										Jun										Jul										Aug										Sep										Oct										Nov										Dec										Jan										Feb										Mar										Apr										May										Jun										Jul										Aug										Sep										Oct										Nov										Dec										Jan										Feb										Mar										Apr										May										Jun										Jul										Aug										Sep										Oct										Nov										Dec										Jan										Feb										Mar										Apr										May										Jun										Jul										Aug										Sep										Oct										Nov										Dec										Jan										Feb										Mar										Apr										May										Jun										Jul										Aug										Sep										Oct										Nov										Dec										Jan										Feb										Mar										Apr										May										Jun										Jul										Aug										Sep										Oct										Nov										Dec										Jan										Feb										Mar										Apr										May										Jun										Jul										Aug										Sep										Oct										Nov										Dec										Jan										Feb										Mar										Apr										May										Jun										Jul										Aug										Sep										Oct										Nov									

119.75	123.20	119.75	121.70	+1.50
113.00	115.30	112.40	114.08	-0.60
93.40	95.00	93.20	93.40	-0.20
Jul.			25.20	25.40
Sep.			24.00	25.47
				+ .17

SOYBEAN OIL
 60,000 lbs., cents per lb.
 Jul 45.35 45.35 44.70 44.90 — .40
 Sep 55.50 55.50 53.78 54.00 — 1.55

[illegible]

at open interest Thur. 12.618, up 1 from d.	May	21.90	22.25	21.90	22.05	-.05	PLATINUM 58 Troy oz. dollars per Troy oz.	DEUTSCHE MARK			
	Jul	21.80	21.95	21.70	21.92	+.12		Sept	.869	.875	.884

not interest Thur. 12.61 & up 1 from	May	21.90	22.25	21.90	22.05	- .45
from	Jul	21.90	22.95	21.70	22.05	+ .12

PLATINUM						
100 lbs. ex. dealers per 100 lbs.						
Oct	24.50	24.50	23.90	24.40	+3.10	
Nov	24.70	24.90	24.00	24.70	+3.20	
Dec	24.70	24.70	24.00	24.70	+3.30	
Jan	24.50	24.70	24.00	24.50	+3.30	
Feb	24.50	24.50	24.00	24.50	+3.30	
Mar	24.50	24.50	24.00	24.50	+3.30	
Apr	25.10	25.00	23.50	25.00	+3.40	
May	25.10	25.10	25.10	25.10	+3.40	
Jun	25.10	25.10	25.10	25.10	+3.40	
Jul	25.10	25.10	25.10	25.10	+3.40	

SALES WED. 14.123.						
Total open interest Wed. \$3,506. off 474 from Tues.						

GOVERNMENT						
100 lbs. ex. dealers per lb.						
Oct	99.10	99.10	99.10	99.90	+4.25	
Nov	62.10	62.40	62.40	62.40	+4.26	
Dec	62.40	62.40	62.40	62.40	+4.26	
Jan	62.40	62.40	62.40	62.40	+4.26	
Feb	62.40	62.40	62.40	62.40	+4.26	
Mar	62.40	62.40	62.40	62.40	+4.26	
Apr	62.40	62.40	62.40	62.40	+4.26	
May	62.40	62.40	62.40	62.40	+4.26	
Jun	62.40	62.40	62.40	62.40	+4.26	
Jul	62.40	62.40	62.40	62.40	+4.26	

DEUTSCHE MARK						
Sept	4649	4675	4634	4651	-	
Oct	4649	4664	4608	4622	-	
Nov	4649	4664	4608	4622	-	
Dec	4649	4664	4608	4622	-	
Jan	4649	4664	4608	4622	-	
Feb	4649	4664	4608	4622	-	
Mar	4649	4664	4608	4622	-	
Apr	4649	4664	4608	4622	-	
May	4649	4664	4608	4622	-	
Jun	4649	4664	4608	4622	-	
Jul	4649	4664	4608	4622	-	

04.30	04.70	04.00	04.60	+0.30
65.20	65.34	65.20	65.60	+0.15

180 tons; dollars per ton

Jul	171.50	176.50	170.30	176.20	+3.80
Aug	179.20	174.20	171.00	175.00	+0.20

Est sales: 1,000 tons; Wed 5:45 P.M.

04.30	04.70	04.00	04.60	+0.30
65.20	65.34	65.20	65.60	+0.15

180 tons; dollars per ton

Jan	280.00	277.00	280.00	279.40	+2.00
Feb	280.00	280.00	280.00	280.40	+0.40

Est sales: 1,500 tons; Wed 3:30 P.M.

Thursday's

63.20	65.34	65.20	65.40	+0.15	Jan	240.00	260.00	260.00	260.00
100 lbs.; dollars per ton					Jan				
Jul	171.50	174.50	170.30	+3.00					
Aug	172.50	171.00	173.50	+2.50					
Sep	173.00	174.00	171.50	+2.40					
Oct	170.50	173.00	170.00	+1.50					
Nov	168.00	175.50	167.20	+1.60					
Dec	168.00	175.00	166.00	+1.50					
Mar	170.00	172.00	169.00	+1.10					
LUMBER									

Est. sales: 6,250; sales Wed. 5,665.

Total open interest Wed. 33,952, off 239 from Tues.

Est. sales: 1,947; sales Wed. 2,314.

Total open interest Wed. 1,722, off 474 from Tues.

**Thursday's
New Highs and Lows**

NEW HIGHS - 2

May	172.00	173.00	172.00	172.00	+1.20	100,000 bd. ft.; dollars per 1,000 bd. ft.				
Jul	171.50	174.00	171.50	173.00	+ .70	Jul	204.50	206.30	203.70	206.10 +1.30
						Jan	107.00	104.00	108.00	106.00

[illegible]

68.30	68.20	68.20	68.70	-0.70
68.10	68.20	67.70	67.90	-0.90
68.60	68.80	68.40	68.40	-0.90

5,000 bu., dollars per bu.

Jul	1.35	1.36½	1.33	1.35½ - .00½
Can	1.40½	1.40	1.39½	

Est. sales: 2,076; sales Wed. 2,469.

Total open interest Wed. 8,641, up 779 from

NEW LOWS—44

<p>5000 bbls. dollars per bbl.</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Jan</td> <td>68.10</td> <td>68.20</td> <td>67.90</td> <td>68.00</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Feb</td> <td>68.10</td> <td>68.20</td> <td>67.90</td> <td>68.00</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Mar</td> <td>68.10</td> <td>68.20</td> <td>67.90</td> <td>68.00</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Apr</td> <td>68.10</td> <td>68.20</td> <td>67.90</td> <td>68.00</td> </tr> <tr> <td>May</td> <td>68.10</td> <td>68.20</td> <td>67.90</td> <td>68.00</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Jun</td> <td>68.10</td> <td>68.20</td> <td>67.90</td> <td>68.00</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Jul</td> <td>68.10</td> <td>68.20</td> <td>67.90</td> <td>68.00</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Aug</td> <td>68.10</td> <td>68.20</td> <td>67.90</td> <td>68.00</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Sep</td> <td>68.10</td> <td>68.20</td> <td>67.90</td> <td>68.00</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Oct</td> <td>68.10</td> <td>68.20</td> <td>67.90</td> <td>68.00</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Nov</td> <td>68.10</td> <td>68.20</td> <td>67.90</td> <td>68.00</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Dec</td> <td>68.10</td> <td>68.20</td> <td>67.90</td> <td>68.00</td> </tr> </table>										Jan	68.10	68.20	67.90	68.00	Feb	68.10	68.20	67.90	68.00	Mar	68.10	68.20	67.90	68.00	Apr	68.10	68.20	67.90	68.00	May	68.10	68.20	67.90	68.00	Jun	68.10	68.20	67.90	68.00	Jul	68.10	68.20	67.90	68.00	Aug	68.10	68.20	67.90	68.00	Sep	68.10	68.20	67.90	68.00	Oct	68.10	68.20	67.90	68.00	Nov	68.10	68.20	67.90	68.00	Dec	68.10	68.20	67.90	68.00	<p>Est. sales: 2,070 poles Wed, 2,669, 2,669</p>										<p>NEW LOWS—41</p>																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																							
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<p>Est. sales: 6,700 poles Wed, 6,479, 6,479</p>										<p>Total open interest Wed, 8,641, up 277 from Tues.</p>										<p>PLYWOOD (76,000 cu ft)</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Jan</td> <td>20.85</td> <td>20.85</td> <td>20.90</td> <td>20.85</td> <td>+ .00</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Feb</td> <td>20.85</td> <td>20.85</td> <td>20.90</td> <td>20.85</td> <td>+ .00</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Mar</td> <td>20.85</td> <td>20.85</td> <td>20.90</td> <td>20.85</td> <td>+ .00</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Apr</td> <td>20.85</td> <td>20.85</td> <td>20.90</td> <td>20.85</td> <td>+ .00</td> </tr> <tr> <td>May</td> <td>20.85</td> <td>20.85</td> <td>20.90</td> <td>20.85</td> <td>+ .00</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Jun</td> <td>20.85</td> <td>20.85</td> <td>20.90</td> <td>20.85</td> <td>+ .00</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Jul</td> <td>20.85</td> <td>20.85</td> <td>20.90</td> <td>20.85</td> <td>+ .00</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Aug</td> <td>20.85</td> <td>20.85</td> <td>20.90</td> <td>20.85</td> <td>+ .00</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Sep</td> <td>20.85</td> <td>20.85</td> <td>20.90</td> <td>20.85</td> <td>+ .00</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Oct</td> <td>20.85</td> <td>20.85</td> <td>20.90</td> <td>20.85</td> <td>+ .00</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Nov</td> <td>20.85</td> <td>20.85</td> <td>20.90</td> <td>20.85</td> <td>+ .00</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Dec</td> <td>20.85</td> <td>20.85</td> <td>20.90</td> <td>20.85</td> <td>+ .00</td> </tr> </table>										Jan	20.85	20.85	20.90	20.85	+ .00	Feb	20.85	20.85	20.90	20.85	+ .00	Mar	20.85	20.85	20.90	20.85	+ .00	Apr	20.85	20.85	20.90	20.85	+ .00	May	20.85	20.85	20.90	20.85	+ .00	Jun	20.85	20.85	20.90	20.85	+ .00	Jul	20.85	20.85	20.90	20.85	+ .00	Aug	20.85	20.85	20.90	20.85	+ .00	Sep	20.85	20.85	20.90	20.85	+ .00	Oct	20.85	20.85	20.90	20.85	+ .00	Nov	20.85	20.85	20.90	20.85	+ .00	Dec	20.85	20.85	20.90	20.85	+ .00	<p>Sales Wed: 725</p>										<p>ALUM. PIPE</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Jan</td> <td>20.85</td> <td>20.85</td> <td>20.90</td> <td>20.85</td> <td>+ .00</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Feb</td> <td>20.85</td> <td>20.85</td> <td>20.90</td> <td>20.85</td> <td>+ .00</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Mar</td> <td>20.85</td> <td>20.85</td> <td>20.90</td> <td>20.85</td> <td>+ .00</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Apr</td> <td>20.85</td> <td>20.85</td> <td>20.90</td> <td>20.85</td> <td>+ .00</td> </tr> <tr> <td>May</td> <td>20.85</td> <td>20.85</td> <td>20.90</td> <td>20.85</td> <td>+ .00</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Jun</td> <td>20.85</td> <td>20.85</td> <td>20.90</td> <td>20.85</td> <td>+ .00</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Jul</td> <td>20.85</td> <td>20.85</td> <td>20.90</td> <td>20.85</td> <td>+ .00</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Aug</td> <td>20.85</td> <td>20.85</td> <td>20.90</td> <td>20.85</td> <td>+ .00</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Sep</td> <td>20.85</td> <td>20.85</td> <td>20.90</td> <td>20.85</td> <td>+ .00</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Oct</td> <td>20.85</td> <td>20.85</td> <td>20.90</td> <td>20.85</td> <td>+ .00</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Nov</td> <td>20.85</td> <td>20.85</td> <td>20.90</td> <td>20.85</td> <td>+ .00</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Dec</td> <td>20.85</td> <td>20.85</td> <td>20.90</td> <td>20.85</td> <td>+ .00</td> </tr> </table>										Jan	20.85	20.85	20.90	20.85	+ .00	Feb	20.85	20.85	20.90	20.85	+ .00	Mar	20.85	20.85	20.90	20.85	+ .00	Apr	20.85	20.85	20.90	20.85	+ .00	May	20.85	20.85	20.90	20.85	+ .00	Jun	20.85	20.85	20.90	20.85	+ .00	Jul	20.85	20.85	20.90	20.85	+ .00	Aug	20.85	20.85	20.90	20.85	+ .00	Sep	20.85	20.85	20.90	20.85	+ .00	Oct	20.85	20.85	20.90	20.85	+ .00	Nov	20.85	20.85	20.90	20.85	+ .00	Dec	20.85	20.85	20.90	20.85	+ .00	<p>ALUM. 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SILVER.	Total open interest Wed. 4,273, up 37 from Tues.	Nov	198.00	196.00	193.80	194.10	- .50	CinG 7.40pt	MAYTOS	PHIS EW
offroy oz; cents per oz.		Jan	195.50	195.50	193.40	193.90	- .70	CinG 9.20pt	Phel 7.20	
		Mar	196.00	196.00	194.20	195.00		CmE Rates	Matle 3.90pt	Phel 1.50

[illegible]

562.50	565.30	558.20	563.80	-1.30	Jan	49.32	49.32	49.32	49.32	-1.50	Tues.	Gettysburg	OccP 2.50pt	Walt Jim
												Intel 1.44pt	OccP 2.12pt	

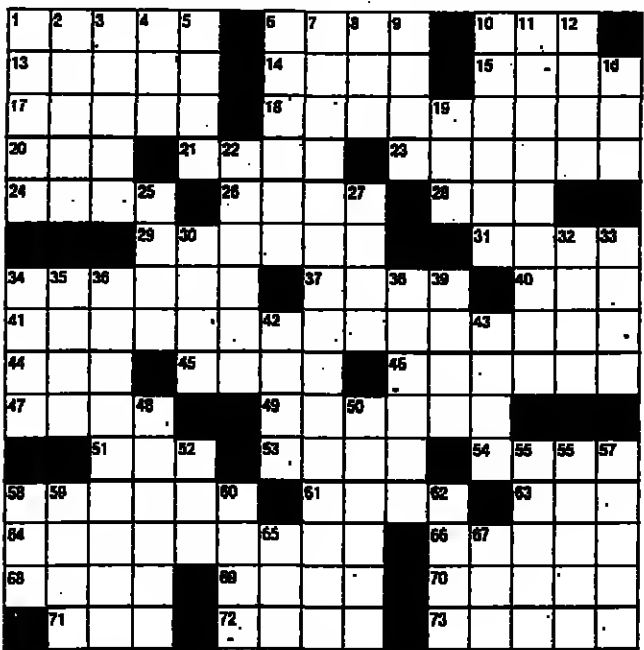
562.50	565.30	558.20	563.80	-1.30	Jan	49.32	49.32	49.32	49.32	-1.50	Tues.	GenYell Int Net 1,Adpt	OccP 2.35oz OccP 2.12oz	Wgt/1m
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...and the fact that the *Journal* is a journal of the American Psychological Association, the largest and most influential organization in the field of psychology, adds to the journal's prestige and makes it a must-read for all psychologists.

the 1990s, the number of people in the United States who are 65 years of age or older is projected to increase from 20 million to 30 million, and the number of people 75 years of age or older is projected to increase from 10 million to 15 million (U.S. Census Bureau, 1997). The number of people 85 years of age or older is projected to increase from 2 million to 4 million (U.S. Census Bureau, 1997). The number of people 90 years of age or older is projected to increase from 500,000 to 1 million (U.S. Census Bureau, 1997). The number of people 95 years of age or older is projected to increase from 100,000 to 200,000 (U.S. Census Bureau, 1997). The number of people 100 years of age or older is projected to increase from 10,000 to 20,000 (U.S. Census Bureau, 1997).

CROSSWORD

By Eugene T. Maletsky



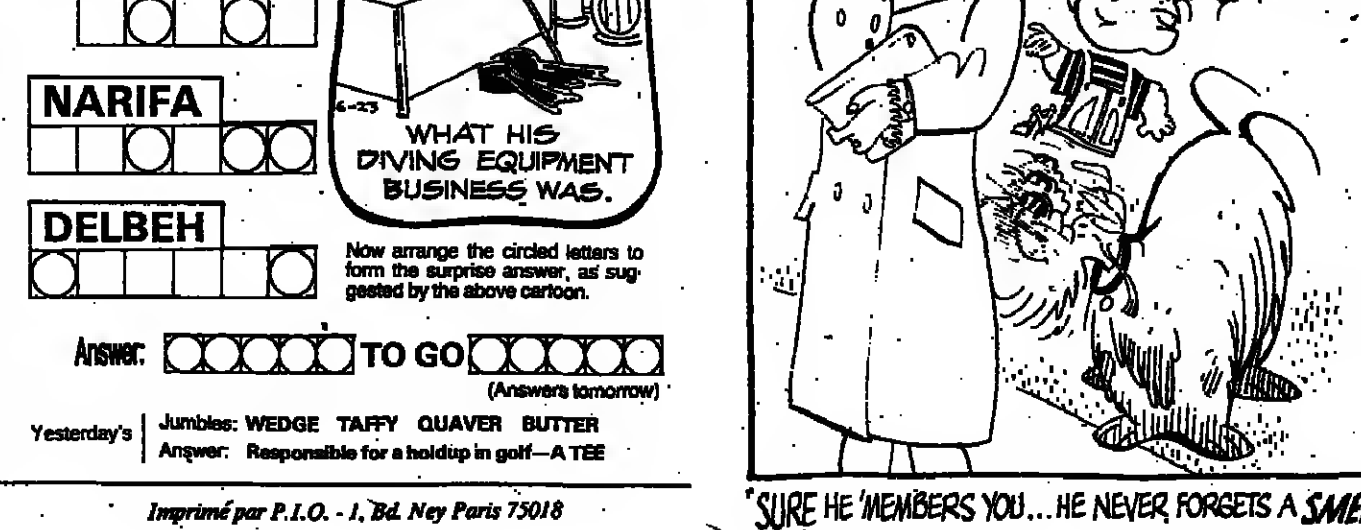
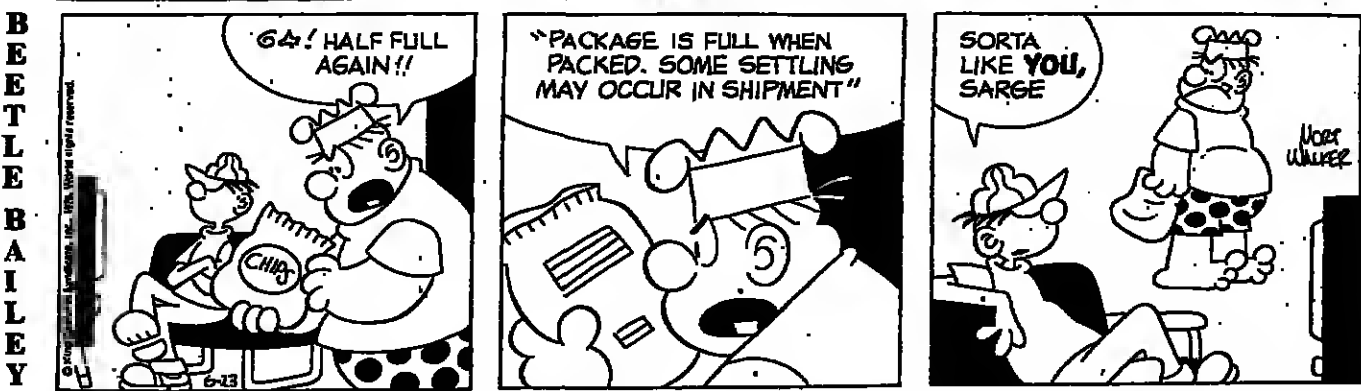
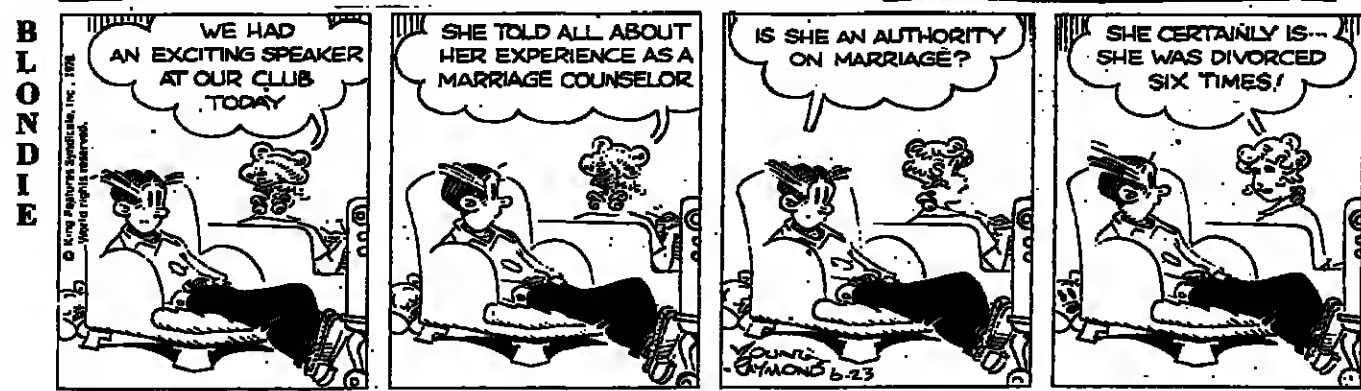
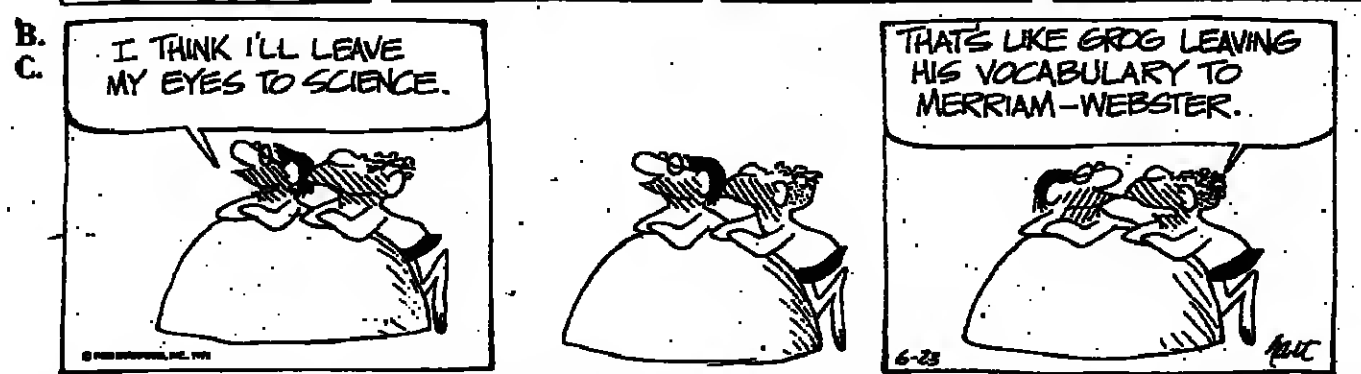
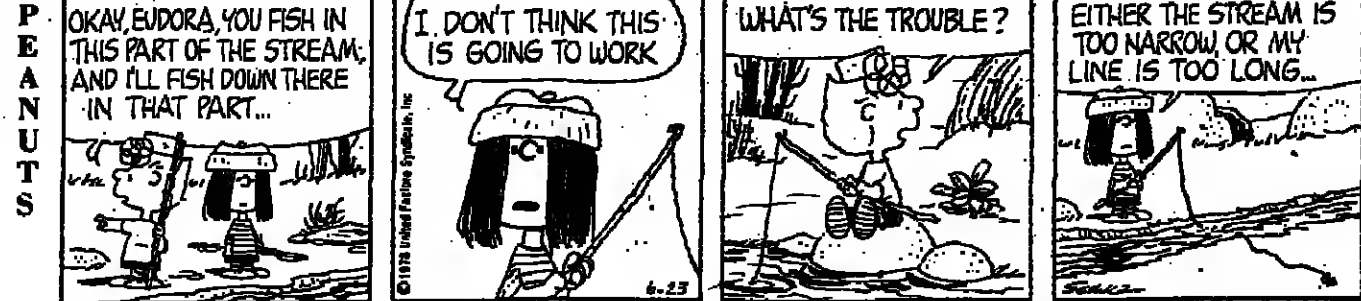
- ACROSS**
- Wanders at will
 - Neck of land
 - Flora's partner
 - Dispatch boat
 - "They" serve
 - Milton
 - Twofold
 - Annoyed
 - Re-election losers, finishing their terms
 - Middle of a well-known palindrome
 - Italian wine center
 - Perfumed powder
 - British child's nursemaid
 - Highway sound
 - culpa
 - Fortune
 - The Scott case
 - In the phone book
 - Apollo's mother
 - Inner: Prefix
 - Margaret Mead's colleagues
 - NBC owner
 - Long baseball hit
 - Pot garments on
 - Computer food
 - "Many are called but few are..."
- DOWN**
- Worldwide workers' gp.
 - Air: Comb. form
 - Of grandparents
 - Valuable possessions
 - Winner in "The Fight"
 - Kind of timekeeper
 - Quiverleaf
 - Skip
 - Arabian port
 - Roi's spouse
 - Suffix for sciences
 - Lady's escort, for short
 - Burdened
 - Black bird
 - Turn new leaf
 - Female fox
 - Suffix with Japan or Nippon
 - Kitchen staple
 - Sea, lake in southern Calif.
 - Detectives
 - School of thought
 - Ten that may be socked
 - Elicited
 - Rumanian capital
 - Make bread
 - Naval vessel
 - Project of the Corps of Engineers
 - Follow secretly
 - Kind of hormone
 - Ship part
 - Frontous
 - Native of Tallinn
 - Give medicine to
 - Hog fat
 - Member of a Peruvian empire
 - R.I., for one
 - Alarm bell
 - Eye amorously
 - Declaration signer from Md.
 - College in New Rochelle, N.Y.
 - Warms
 - Express now used as a Japanese hotel
 - Sioux
 - Isane
 - Costar d'
 - Idaho
 - Word after bed or table
 - I love: Lat.
 - Freight trailer, for short
 - Jagged protuberance
 - Eden's title
 - Verse form
 - Daedalus flew over it

WEATHER

	C	F		C	F		
ALGARVE	22	72	cloudy	MADRID	23	73	clear
AMSTERDAM	14	57	rain	MIAMI	24	76	cloudy
ANKARA	17	63	cloudy	MIAMI	24	76	cloudy
ATHENS	31	88	clear	MONTREAL	16	61	cloudy
BEIRUT	30	86	clear	MOSCOW	17	63	overcast
BELO OBE	27	81	clear	MUNICH	28	82	clear
BERLIN	27	81	clear	NEW YORK	64	89	cloudy
BRUSSELS	15	59	showers	NICE	22	72	clear
BUCHAREST	27	81	cloudy	OSLO	21	70	overcast
BUDAPEST	27	81	clear	PARIS	15	59	cloudy
CASABLANCA	21	70	clear	PRAGUE	25	77	storms
COPIENHAGEN	20	68	clear	ROME	24	75	clear
COSTA DEL SOL	26	79	clear	SOFIA	22	72	cloudy
DUBLIN	13	55	showers	STOCKHOLM	17	63	clear
EDINBURGH	11	52	rain	TENRAN	22	72	clear
FLORENCE	24	75	cloudy	TEL AVIV	27	81	clear
FRANKFURT	20	68	overcast	TUNIS	27	81	clear
GENEVA	20	68	cloudy	VISNNA	23	73	clear
HELSINKI	24	75	clear	WARSAW	23	73	showers
ISTANBUL	19	66	clear	WASHINGTON	28	79	cloudy
LAS PALMAS	23	73	clear	ZURICH	20	68	clear
LISBON	18	64	rain				
LONDON	15	59	showers				
LOS ANGELES	20	68	sunny				

© Weather's readers in U.S. and Canada at 7000 GMT; all others at 1200 GMT.

(Yesterday's readings U.S. and Canada at 7:00 GMT; all others at 12:00 GMT.)



BOOKS

- A GATHERING OF FUGITIVES**
By Lionel Trilling, Harcourt Brace Jovanovich, 179 pp. \$8.95.
- BEYOND CULTURE**
By Lionel Trilling, Harcourt Brace Jovanovich, 204 pp. \$10.95.
- MATTHEW ARNOLD**
By Lionel Trilling, Harcourt Brace Jovanovich, 493 pp. \$12.95.
- THE OPPOSING SELF**
By Lionel Trilling, Harcourt Brace Jovanovich, 204 pp. \$10.95.

Reviewed by Anatole Broyard

LIKE many people whose job it is to contemplate the American way of life, I occasionally despair of it. Sometimes, this despair is no more than a fatigue of perception. And other times, it appears to me that we use all our advances in understanding to make ourselves less attractive or interesting. Then, as if on cue, American culture will throw up a remarkable phenomenon that redeems everything.

I remember recently going to see Merce Cunningham dance to music composed and performed by Meredith Monk. At some point during the performance, the thought crossed my mind that here was something no one else in the world had. We had Merce Cunningham and Meredith Monk and we somehow had made them possible. They were born out of our peculiarities and our contradictions. Perhaps we even deserved them.

I have a similar reaction to the late Lionel Trilling. Reading him always makes me feel that American life is infinitely more dimensional than I had supposed, that I had temporarily lost sight of a multitude of considerations of which he was now reminding me. As the late Randall Jarrell did too in his critical essays, Trilling taught me that the occasional ugliness of American life is part of the charm, so to speak, of our eccentricity, of our stunted and striped individuality.

Even when Trilling disapproves of one or another aspect of American culture, the delicacy, the complexity — all right, the exquisiteness — of his disapproval bathes us in reflected glory. If we can supply even the raw materials for his expectations, we can't be so bad.

I am brought to these reflections by the fact that Harcourt Brace Jovanovich — who can't be so bad either — have just reissued in a uniform edition four volumes of Trilling's work: "Matthew Arnold," "The Opposing Self," "A Gathering of Fugitives," and "Beyond Culture." After reading in all four volumes, I think that the best way to show you what a gift they are is to quote them. While the majority of these essays do not even deal with American writers, Trilling generally discusses his subjects in a framework that does illuminate the way we live now. Perhaps he chose them for this reason.

Writing more than 20 years ago, Trilling foresaw what was to become almost an obsession in our literature: "The modern self," he said, "is characterized by certain powers of indignant perception." In an essay on Matthew Arnold, he observed that "The surprise and elevation of poetry can serve to bring to mind some notion of what is the right condition of the self." Of a Matthew Arnold poem, he wrote that "we are no longer suited

Weed Tea Kills Camping Father

RIVERSIDE, Calif., June 2 (UPI). — A man who took his 8-year-old daughter out of school to teach her how to live in the wilderness died from drinking a tea he brewed from Jimson weed, authorities said.

Sheriff's deputies said Tuesday that they found the body of Patrick Chapman, 33, Monday when alerted by a telephone call from his daughter, Michelle. Mr. Chapman was camping in the Be Spring Mountains, 10 miles out of Riverside.

The girl told deputies that her father had been teaching her how to live in the wilderness and had eaten some of the poisonous Jimson weed roots. He then boiled some of the plant and drank the liquid, she said.

BRIDGE

By Alan Truscott

The diagrammed deal shows a most unusual bidding point. South chose a borderline opening of one spade, giving North considerable reason to be optimistic. He had one of the few hands on which a direct use of Blackwood would make good sense, since slam prospects would depend entirely on the number of aces in the South hand.

South's distribution and total strength were hardly relevant, and the only danger was that South might have an aceless hand. But in that event it would not necessarily be wrong to reach five spades, for East-West would probably be able to make 11 tricks in a red suit. As it was, East could make five hearts easily, and only the failure of the diamond finesse would defeat six hearts.

When South showed one ace, North naturally put on the brakes in five spades, since he knew that two aces were missing. This type of auction, among good players, invariably means that two aces are missing, so West seized the opportunity to make an imaginative double.

He was confident that he could reach his partner in a red suit, since North's bidding suggested a long strong club suit together with spade support. And he could then score at least one club ruff.

If East was equally imaginative he won the opening diamond lead and fired back a club for his partner to ruff. Then a heart lead permitted a second ruff, for a penalty of 300 points, East could deduce that only a club void would account for his partner's double.

	NORTH	EAST
♠	K 9 4 3	—
♥	—	—
♦	A K 10 9 7 4 2	—
♣	—	—
WEST	—	—
♠	—	—
♥	—	—
♦	—	—
♣	—	—
SOUTH (D)	—	—
♠	—	—
♥	—	—
♦	—	—
♣	—	—

Neither side was vulnerable. The bid: 1♠ — 2♥ — 3♣ — 4♦ — 5♥ — 6♠ — 7♣ — 8♦ — 9♥ — 10♠ — 11♣ — 12♦ — 13♥ — 14♠ — 15♣ — 16♦ — 17♥ — 18♠ — 19♣ — 20♦ — 21♥ — 22♠ — 23♣ — 24♦ — 25♥ — 26♠ — 27♣ — 28♦ — 29♥ — 30♠ — 31♣ — 32♦ — 33♥ — 34♠ — 35♣ — 36♦ — 37♥ — 38♠ — 39♣ — 40♦ — 41♥ — 42♠ — 43♣ — 44♦ — 45♥ — 46♠ — 47♣ — 48♦ — 49♥ — 50♠ — 51♣ — 52♦ — 53♥ — 54♠ — 55♣ — 56♦ — 57♥ — 58♠ — 59♣ — 60♦ — 61♥ — 62♠ — 63♣ — 64♦ — 65♥ — 66♠ — 67♣ — 68♦ — 69♥ — 70♠ — 71♣ — 72♦ — 73♥ — 74♠ — 75♣ — 76♦ — 77♥ — 78♠ — 79♣ — 80♦ — 81♥ — 82♠ — 83♣ — 84♦ — 85♥ — 86♠ — 87♣ — 88♦ — 89♥ — 90♠ — 91♣ — 92♦ — 93♥ — 94♠ — 95♣ — 96♦ — 97♥ — 98♠ — 99♣ — 100♦ — 101♥ — 102♠ — 103♣ — 104♦ — 105♥ — 106♠ — 107♣ — 108♦ — 109♥ — 110♠ — 111♣ — 112♦ — 113♥ — 114♠ — 115♣ — 116♦ — 117♥ — 118♠ — 119♣ — 120♦ — 121♥ — 122♠ — 123♣ — 124♦ — 125♥ — 126♠ — 127♣ — 128♦ — 129♥ — 130♠ — 131♣ — 132♦ — 133♥ — 134♠ — 135♣ — 136♦ — 137♥ — 138♠ — 139♣ — 140♦ — 141♥ — 142♠ — 143♣ — 144♦ — 145♥ — 146♠ — 147♣ — 148♦ — 149♥ — 150♠ — 151♣ — 152♦ — 153♥ — 154♠ — 155♣ — 156♦ — 157♥ — 158♠ — 159♣ — 160♦ — 161♥ — 162♠ — 163♣ — 164♦ — 165♥ — 166♠ — 167♣ — 168♦ — 169♥ — 170♠ — 171♣ — 172♦ — 173♥ — 174♠ — 175♣ — 176♦ — 177♥ — 178♠ — 179♣ — 180♦ — 181♥ — 182♠ — 183♣ — 184♦ — 185♥ — 186♠ — 187♣ — 188♦ — 189♥ — 190♠ — 191♣ — 192♦ — 193♥ — 194♠ — 195♣ — 196♦ — 197♥ — 198♠ — 199♣ — 200♦ — 201♥ — 202♠ — 203♣ — 204♦ — 205♥ — 206♠ — 207♣ — 208♦ — 209♥ — 210♠ — 211♣ — 212♦ — 213♥ — 214♠ — 215♣ — 216♦ — 217♥ — 218♠ — 219♣ — 220♦ — 221♥ — 222♠ — 223♣ — 224♦ — 225♥ — 226♠ — 227♣ — 228♦ — 229♥ — 230♠ — 231♣ — 232♦ — 233♥ — 234♠ — 235♣ — 236♦ — 237♥ — 238♠ — 239♣ — 240♦ — 241♥ — 242♠ — 243♣ — 244♦ — 245♥ — 246♠ — 247♣ — 248♦ — 249♥ — 250♠ — 251♣ — 252♦ — 253♥ — 254♠ — 255♣ — 256♦ — 257♥ — 258♠ — 259♣ — 260♦ — 261♥ — 262♠ — 263♣ — 264♦ — 265♥ — 266♠ — 267♣ — 268♦ — 269♥ — 270♠ — 271♣ — 272♦ — 273♥ — 274♠ — 275♣ — 276♦ — 277♥ — 278♠ — 279♣ — 280♦ — 281♥ — 282♠ — 283♣ — 284♦ — 285♥ — 286♠ — 287♣ — 288♦ — 289♥ — 290♠ — 291♣ — 292♦ — 293♥ — 294♠ — 295♣ — 296♦ — 297♥ — 298♠ — 299♣ — 300♦ — 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Host Team Thrashes Peru, 6-0

Dutch Face Argentines in World Cup Final

Rob Hughes

BUENOS AIRES, June 22 (HT) — This is a city awakening late and stirring — the calm after the most emotional of storms, in which thousands of Argentines jammed streets, clattering anything from saucer lids to the bodywork of police cars, hooting, whistling and singing until the wee hours.

Thankfully, no semblance of fatigue tinged the Argentine gallop into the World Cup final yesterday afternoon and an evening which exploded with the attacking play this tournament had mourned.

For the first time since this cup began, the press here officially reported three bombs — one damaged the home of Treasury Minister Juan Alemann, a critic of the 570-million cost of staging the World Cup, one went off to a residential district, and one, a Montoneros "pamphlet bomb," showered the city center with leaflets of "Argentina" champions. [President Jorge Videla to the wall.]

18 Goals

It was fairly explosive in the goalmouths, too. Eighteen goals were scored in the four games, and Argentina's 6-0 thrashing of Peru was merely the final act. A frenetic, one-sided goal-chase in which Argentina responded to the target of at least four goals was set by Brazil's sudden and brilliant offensive in beating Poland, 3-1, less than an hour earlier.

In Group A, West Germany, the champions, readily surrendered to Poland and placed in a 3-2 defeat to Austria, a performance that smacked of a dispirited team interested in catching the first plane home, which it will do today.

Meanwhile, the Netherlands qualified by outlasting, and outplaying,

an Italian team that revealed a terrible erosion of spirit and limb. But let us begin at the end. Argentina suffered for 45 minutes after the Brazilian game, knowing that its task was monumental. Its manager, Luis Menotti, scored three goals against Peru with two forwards; it's easy for us to score six with five men up. For 20 minutes, Argentina lived on its nerves — so shocking was the passing of the home nation, that each of Peru's wingers — Juan Jose Munarte, who hit a post, and Juan Carlos Oblitas, whose shot was wide — could have scored.

Floodgates Open

Then began the flood. The first goal was scored by the sharp technical skill of Mario Kempes. He pulled down an overhauled pass 25 yards out, rode a fierce challenge and, cool in the heat of the evening's nervousness, shot a goal of unruffled precision. Peruvian goalkeeper Ramon Quiroga, the Argentine-born player on whom so much pressure has been heaped, never got a sniff at that one, or the five that followed — from full-back Alberto Tarantini after a corner, from Kempes, again, another goal of ruthless technique and control, from Leopoldo Luque after a one-two with Kempes, from substitute Rene Houseman within seconds of taking the field, and finally from Luque again.

Peru was incapable of standing up to the almost hysterical pace and power of Daniel Berti and Oscar Ortiz, too, on the wings, of Kempes and Luque down the middle, and of an Argentine side which, as Menotti observed, "played as it should — all or nothing," pouring defenders into attack. The skeptics are claiming Peru was "bought." There is no evidence of that, although quite clearly, after the second goal two minutes before half-time, Peru laid down its resistance.

The reason appeared to be a collapse, rather, to the overpowering will of the Argentine people stacked aggressively against it, a surrender by a team extremely gifted at attacking backs and physically deficient at the back. Argentina merely took it at the threat of its weakest point.

Brazil Swift, Violent

It was forced to do so by Brazil's victory over the computer Poles. Starting with the thunderous freekick by full-back Nelinho, a reserve who nevertheless is reputed to have

the most violent kick in the game. Brazil at times recaptured memories of its true traditions. Its skills were played on the ground, swift, intuitive, elaborate passes, generated principally from the recalled Cerezo. It allowed Brazil to recover from an equalizing goal from Grzegorz Lato.

But the match turned on the fortunes of Dutch reserve full-back Ernie Brandts. Brandts, 22, conceded a freekick by fouling Bettega then, when Bettega escaped him just inside the area, Brandts tried desperately to push the ball wide, forced it instead into his own net and collided with his own goalkeeper, Pieters Schrijvers. Schrijvers was taken away on a stretcher with a badly cut knee.

However, the Dutch tactical changes have been astute, to say the least, and it released Neeskens to midfield in the second half. Using Wim Hansen to take care of Rossi, it gave Italy all the fight it could want. Yellow cards flourished — Johnny Rep, Romeo Benetti, Arie Haan, Antonio Cabrini and Marco Tardelli got them — but, in the 50th minute, Brandts recovered with a 25-yard shot that surprised goalkeeper Dino Zoff.

Sixteen minutes later, Zoff was doubly surprised, moving too late to save an even more spectacular 30-yard drive from Haan, and the Dutch won where they had earlier been over-physical and cautious. Their shooting is going to give Argentina nightmares.

Speaking of nightmares, West Germany has provided a few, not the least in losing its 22nd match in the 138-match rule of Helmut Schoen. The master among managers, Schoen retires now and the sadness of his going is summed in his words: "I was bitterly disappointed by our defense, which made things easier for our opponents to score goals, especially the third goal." For the record, Germany led through Karl-Heinz Rummenigge, gave away a goal through captain Bert Vogts, went behind in a Hans Krankl goal, equalized through Bernd Holzenbein, and then, three minutes from time, allowed Krankl to score again.

The dampest squid on a day that exploded all around, a day which finally persuades us once more to look toward the final with relief after a tournament of disappointing caution.

Rookie Homers 1st Time Up as Angels Beat Twins

BLOOMINGTON, Minn., June 22 (UPI) — Leadoff batter Dave Macherer hit a home run in his first time at bat in the major leagues and Don Baylor added a two-run homer two outs later last night to help the California Angels defeat the Minnesota Twins, 5-2.

Winner Don Aase, 4-3, gave up a single to leadoff batter Hosken Powell in the first inning and Roy Smalley followed with a homer for the Twins' two runs. After that, Aase allowed only three more singles. He walked one and struck out seven. The loser was Geoff Zahn, 7-

5, who allowed six hits in the eight innings he worked.

Macherer, a second baseman recalled from the minors two days ago, became the first player to hit a homer in his first major league at-bat. Woods did it on opening day last year for the Toronto Blue Jays. Zahn retired 18 batters in a row between Baylor's homer and the single by Jackson.

Red Sox, 9, Yankees 2
At Boston, Dennis Ekersley spaced six hits and Butch Hobson's two-run homer capped a six-run third inning last night to carry Bos-

ton to a crushing 9-2 defeat of New York. In winning the "rubber" game of the crucial three-game series between the two American League East favorites, the division-leading Red Sox pounded three Yankees pitchers for 12 hits, 9 runs, 5 homers, 6 RBIs, 7-2, struck out seven and walked one in gaining his first career victory over the Yankees. Rookie Jim Beattie, 2-3, took the loss.

Tigers 10, Blue Jays 8
At Toronto, Detroit scored five runs in the sixth inning, including a solo homer by Alan Trammell, and

defeated Toronto, 10-8. Trammell hit his second homer of the season to start the rally. Then, singles by Lou Whitaker and Ron LeFlore, plus a double by Steve Kemp, chased Don Kirksby and 11-1, who had taken over in the fifth from starter Tom Underwood.

Brewers 5, Orioles 3

At Milwaukee, Larry Hise hit a two-run single in the third inning and Buck Martinez drove in the decisive run with a sixth-inning sacrifice fly, leading Milwaukee to a 5-3 victory over Baltimore.

Giants 3, Reds 0
In the National League, at San Francisco, Ed Halicki beat Tom Seaver with a three-hitter as San Francisco beat Cincinnati, 3-0. San Francisco scored its runs in the fourth inning when Seaver, coming off a no-hitter over St. Louis Friday night for his seventh straight victory, gave up doubles to Jack Clark and Roger Metzger and walked three batters, two of them intentionally.

Braves 2, Padres 0
At San Diego, Gary Matthews collected three hits and drove in two runs and Addison Devine and Gene Garber pitched an eight-inning shutout as San Diego, 2-0, Devine (4-3) gave up six hits, struck out five and walked one before needing relief help from Garber in the eighth. Bob Shirley (3-9) was the loser.

Dodgers 5, Astros 4
At Los Angeles, pinch-hitter Steve Yeager singled home Bill North from third base with one out in the 11th inning to give Los Angeles a 5-4 victory over Houston. North led off the inning with a double and took third on a sacrifice bunt by Jerry Grote and Yeager, waiting for winning pitcher Bob Welch, singled him home.

Expos 2, Mets 1
At New York, right-hander Steve Rogers, weakly supported by Montreal bats the last eight times he has pitched, drove in the winning run with a fifth-inning single that gave Montreal a rain-shortened 2-1 victory over New York. The game was held up three times, the last in the bottom of the seventh inning after a delay of one hour and 21 minutes.

Pirates 2, Cubs 1
At Pittsburgh, Frank Taveras hit a tie-breaking two-out single in the ninth inning to back the six-hit pitching of John Candalaria and give Pittsburgh a 2-1 decision over Chicago. Chicago starter Ray Burris (4-5) was locked in a 1-1 dual with Candalaria (7-6) into the ninth.

Newcombe Doubts He Can Win at Wimbledon

By Neil Amdur

LONDON, June 22 (NYT) — The mustache still is unmistakably bushy, stamped on his shirt and painted on the strings of his metal racket as a commercial reminder. But the shots coming off John Newcombe's racket yesterday also were a reminder that time might have run out on his hopes for a fourth Wimbledon singles title.

The 34-year-old Australian was beaten, 6-4, 6-4, by John Lloyd, 23-year-old British Davis Cup player, in the third round of a \$125,000 grass tennis tournament at Queens Club. The event is the last tune-up before the grand show starts at Wimbledon on Monday.

With the same candor that characterized his sponsorship career, Newcombe admitted: "I'm not playing well enough to win Wimbledon, but something could surface. I just have to hope it happens in time."

Newcombe has been training seriously and playing competitively for the last six months in one final ring at Wimbledon and says, "I haven't really been able to put it together 100 percent." Asked how far away he was, he held the index finger and thumb of his right hand about two inches apart and said, "The hardest thing is to keep bearing down mentally, to be hungry."

With commercial endorsements and several lucrative corporate ventures, Newcombe hardly needs the \$17,000 prize that John McEnroe of Douglaston, N.Y., could cart away in his first pro tournament this week. Yet a foulup to one of his contractual agreements may be the marginal

difference between Newcombe's swing at 60 percent efficiency and 70 percent. And as Lloyd observed after his third victory over Newcombe since January, "his serve is where it all starts."

Until six weeks ago, Newcombe had been endorsing the Garcia titanium racket. He said that his contract was nullified when a European ski company bought Garcia. Rather than continue using the racket without the same contractual commitment, he switched to a Rawlings metal model that he had not used in nine months and that no longer was manufactured.

It couldn't have come at a worse moment, Newcombe said, reflecting on the switch. "If I win Wimbledon, I'll be the only player to win it with a racket that's not even on the market."

Surprise at Switch
Lloyd was surprised to learn that Newcombe had changed rackets so close to Wimbledon. "It took me much longer than six weeks to get used to a new racket," he said.

Lloyd felt that Newcombe was playing "a lot better" since their match in the Australian Open. But Sandy Mayer, Lloyd's opponent in the quarterfinals, watched Newcombe commit a game-ending doublefault in the opening game of the second set and said, "I've seen him do that on break point at least 10 times this year. In the old days, those break points were aces."

Newcombe lost his serve at love or four-all in the second set. He faulted three of the four first serves in the game and found himself out of position and uncharacteristically on the defensive with his first volleys.

She was asked what she did before she took up golf at age 8. She replied: "I played with Barbie dolls, had a pogo stick, and learned to ride a bike without training wheels."

Everybody wrote it down.

Jaime Fillo of Chile offered his

observation as he wandered past Newcombe's locker. "You worry too much," Fillo told the former top-ranking player.

Newcombe is not exactly floundering on the circuit. He has won his way from No. 267 to 22 on the player computer rankings. He has been seeded for Wimbledon, but faces a rough draw that could include an early match against Phil Dent or Tony Roche, both countrymen; Raul Ramirez of Mexico in the round of 16 and Jimmy Connors in the quarterfinals.

Adriano Panatta, the Italian star withdrew from Wimbledon yesterday after suffering a pinched nerve in his back during practice.

"I'm still not flowing into shots," said Newcombe. "I don't have my body weight into them. You can't tell yourself to do it. If it doesn't come naturally, it's forced."

Said Mayer who beat Ross Case of Australia yesterday, 7-5, 3-6, 6-2: "I think John has done well to get as far as he has. But I believe he thought he could come back and just bolt into the top 10. It's not that easy anymore."

And Lloyd added, "Not many people get bluffed now."

That appeared to be the case when Colin Dibley of Australia buried Victor Amey, 6-1, 7-5, one day after the 6-foot-6-inch American had pounded top-seeded Ramirez and Tom Okker into the turf with southpaw serve.

McEnroe and Roche reached the quarterfinals with straight-set victories. The 19-year-old McEnroe, who only last year was trying to qualify for Wimbledon but now is seeded there, beat Gene Mayer of New Jersey, 7-5, 6-0. The 33-year-old Roche won, 7-5, 6-1, from Billy Martio.

World Cup Standings

(Games won, lost, ties, goals for, goals against)

GROUP A	G	W	L	T	GF	GA	Pts
Holland	3	1	1	1	2	3	3
Italy	3	1	1	1	2	3	3
West Germany	3	1	1	1	2	3	3
Austria	3	1	1	1	2	3	3

GROUP B	G	W	L	T	GF	GA	Pts
Brazil	3	2	0	1	4	1	5
Argentina	3	1	1	1	2	3	3
Poland	3	1	1	1	2	3	3
Peru	3	0	2	1	1	4	0

Wednesday's Matches

Group A	Time	TV
Italy vs. West Germany	2:00 P.M.	1
Holland vs. Austria	4:00 P.M.	2

Group B	Time	TV
Brazil vs. Poland	2:00 P.M.	1
Argentina vs. Peru	4:00 P.M.	2

The schedule for the final games of the World Soccer Cup, 1978, will be as follows:

Group A	Time	TV
Italy vs. West Germany	2:00 P.M.	1
Holland vs. Austria	4:00 P.M.	2

Group B	Time	TV
Brazil vs. Poland	2:00 P.M.	1
Argentina vs. Peru	4:00 P.M.	2

Consolation

Group A	Time	TV
Italy vs. West Germany	2:00 P.M.	1
Holland vs. Austria	4:00 P.M.	2

Group B	Time	TV
Brazil vs. Poland	2:00 P.M.	1
Argentina vs. Peru	4:00 P.M.	2

Argentina vs. Holland, Buenos Aires, Sunday

Wednesday's Line Scores

AMERICAN LEAGUE

Team	W	L	T	GF	GA	Pts
New York	1	0	0	2	0	2
Baltimore	0	1	0	0	2	0

Team	W	L	T	GF	GA	Pts
Los Angeles	1	0	0	2	0	2
San Diego	0	1	0	0	2	0

Team	W	L	T	GF	GA	Pts
San Francisco	1	0	0	2	0	2
Seattle	0	1	0	0	2	0

Team	W	L	T	GF	GA	Pts
Los Angeles	1	0	0	2	0	2
San Diego	0	1	0	0	2	0

Team	W	L	T	GF	GA	Pts
San Francisco	1	0	0	2	0	2
Seattle	0	1	0	0	2	0

Team	W	L	T	GF	GA	Pts
Los Angeles	1	0	0	2	0	2
San Diego	0	1	0	0	2	0

Team	W	L	T	GF	GA	Pts
San Francisco	1	0	0	2	0	2
Seattle	0	1	0	0	2	0

Team	W	L	T	GF	GA	Pts
Los Angeles	1	0	0	2	0	2
San Diego	0	1	0	0	2	0

Team	W	L	T	GF	GA	Pts
San Francisco	1	0	0	2	0	2
Seattle	0	1	0	0	2	0

Team	W	L	T	GF	GA	Pts
Los Angeles	1	0	0	2	0	2
San Diego	0	1	0	0	2	0

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Seattle	0	1	0	0	2	0

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Team	W	L	T	GF	GA	Pts
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San Diego	0	1	0	0	2	0

